

SARGON

A COMPUTER CHESS PROGRAM

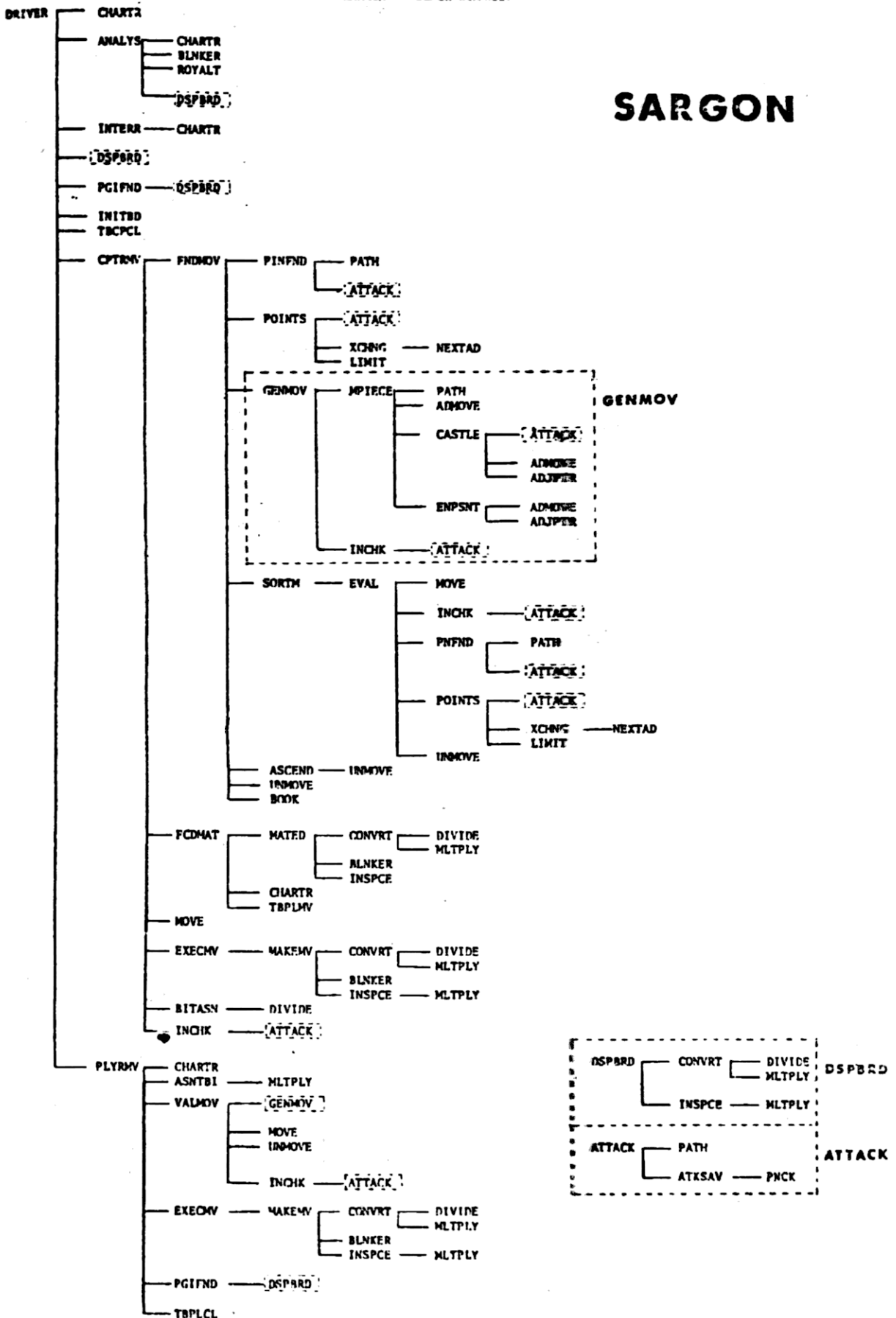
DAN AND KATHE SPRACKLEN

Winner - 1978 West Coast Computer Fair

IN Z-80 ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE

1000000000

SARGON



SARGON A COMPUTER CHESS PROGRAM DAN AND KATHE SPRACKLEN



HAYDEN BOOK COMPANY, INC.
Rochelle Park, New Jersey

SARGON
A
COMPUTER
CHES PROGRAM



CONTENTS

Meet Sargon	1
The Chessboard in Computer Graphics	3
Chess Piece Summary	6
Users Guide to Sargon	11
Notes on the Implementation of Sargon	17
Equates	19
Direction Tables	20
Point Value Array	20
Board Array	21
Attack List	22
Pinned Piece Array	22
Score and Ply Tables	23
Table Indices Section	24
Variables Section	25
Move List Section	27
Board Setup Routine	28
Path Routine	29
Piece Mover Routine	30
En Passant Routine	32
Adjust Move List Pointer	33
Castle Routine	34
Admove Routine	36
Generate Move Routine	37
Check Routine	38
Attack Routine	39
Attack Save Routine	42
Pin Check Routine	43
Pin Find Routine	44
Exchange Routine	47
Next Attacker/Defender Routine	48

Point Evaluation Routine	49
Limit Routine	51
Move Routine	54
Un-Move Routine	56
Sort Routine	58
Evaluation Routine	59
Find Move Routine	60
Ascend Tree Routine	64
One Move Book Opening	65
Graphics Data Base	66
Standard Message	67
Graphics Variables	68
I/O Macro Definitions	68
Main Program Driver	69
Interrogation for Ply & Color	71
Computer Move Routine	73
Forced Mate Handling	75
Tab to Player's Column	76
Tab to Computer's Column	76
Tab to Player's Column w/o Move No.	77
Tab to Computer's Column w/o Move No.	77
Board Index to ASCII Square Name	78
Player's Move Analysis	79
ASCII Square Name to Board Index	80
Validate Move Subroutine	81
Accept Input Character	82
New Page if Needed	83
Display Mated King	84
Set Up Position for Analysis	85
Update Positions of Royalty	88
Set Up Empty Board	89
Insert Piece Subroutine	91
Board Index to Norm Address Subr.	93
Positive Integer Division	94
Positive Integer Multiplication	94
Square Blinker	95
Execute Move Subroutine	97
Make Move Subroutine	98
TDL/ZILOG Mnemonics Conversion	99
Index to Subroutines	113

MEET SARGON

SARGON is a computer chess program by Dan and Kathe Spracklen. In March 1978 it took first place in the first chess tournament held strictly for microcomputers. The tournament took place during the 2½ days of the 1978 West Coast Computer Faire and drew large crowds each day. When the last battle ended, **SARGON** had won 5 games of 5 played. A tie existed for second place, with 3 programs scoring a total of 3 points in the 5 rounds.

SARGON is written in Z-80 assembly language using the TDL Macro Assembler. The program occupies 8K of RAM, which includes 2K of data areas, 2K graphics display and user interface, and 4K move logic. The move logic is the heart of **SARGON**. It is displayed in the block diagram as the set of routines called by **FNDMOV** (Find Move). **FNDMOV** controls the search for the computer's best move by performing a depth first-tree search using the techniques of alpha beta pruning. Listed first under **FNDMOV**'s calls on the block diagram is **PINFND** (Pin Find Routine). **PINFND** produces a list of all pieces pinned against the king or queen for both white and black. Pinned pieces must be treated carefully when analyzing battles engaged on the chess board, since their attacking power may be an illusion. **FNDMOV** also calls **POINTS** (Point Evaluation Routine). **POINTS** performs a static evaluation and derives a score for a given board position. **POINTS** takes factors of material, board control, and development into account. Predominant in the evaluation is material. Material scores must be adjusted to reflect unresolved battles on the chess board. It is the function of **XCHNG** (Exchange Evaluation Routine) to judge the outcome of these unresolved battles. The factors of development and board control are not allowed to dominate the move choice. **LIMIT** is called to truncate the contribution of those factors to the score.

FNDMOV controls the generation of legal moves by **GENMOV** (Generate Move Routine). **GENMOV** produces the move set for all of the pieces of a given color. For each piece in turn, **GENMOV** calls **MPIECE** (Piece Mover Routine), which generates all the possible legal moves for a given piece. **MPIECE** itself calls a series of routines. **PATH** generates a single possible move for a given piece along its current path of motion. **ADMOVE** adds a move to the move list. **CASTLE** and **ENPSNT** (En Passant Pawn Capture Routine) handle the special moves. After **MPIECE** has produced all legal moves, **GENMOV** calls **INCHK**, which determines whether or not the king is in check.

Basic to the success of alpha beta pruning is the sorting of moves generated at each ply level. **FNDMOV** calls **SORTM** (Sort Routine) to accomplish this task. A sort is dependent on an evaluation, so **SORTM** calls **EVAL** (Evaluation Routine). To evaluate a given move on the move list, **EVAL** first makes the move on the board by calling **MOVE**. It is determined if the move is legal by calling **INCHK**. Then, if the move is legal, it is evaluated by calling **PINFND** and **POINTS**. Finally, **EVAL** restores the board position by calling **UNMOVE**.

The bookkeeping required by alpha beta pruning is for the most part coded in line in **FNDMOV**. However, **FNDMOV** calls **ASCEND** (Ascend Tree Routine)

to adjust all the parameters in transferring the parameters up one ply in the tree.

At the bottom of FNDMOV's call list on the block diagram is BOOK. BOOK provides an opening book of a single move. If white, SARGON will play P-K4 or P-Q4 at random. If black, SARGON replies to any opening move with P-K4 or P-Q4, whichever is most appropriate.

The move selection logic of FNDMOV is embedded in a whole network of routines that forms SARGON's interface to the outside world. The DRIVER routine initiates and coordinates the entire game. First on the block diagram in DRIVER's list of calls is CHARTR (Accept Input Character). CHARTR is a totally machine-dependent input routine whose sole purpose is to accept a single character input from the keyboard. All machine-dependent aspects of SARGON have been isolated in this manner to simplify conversion to Z-80 machines running under different operating systems. Machine-dependent code appears in only two other places. The first is the macro definition area, where all the output functions are listed, and the second is in the routine DSPBRD (Display Graphics Board and Pieces), where machine-dependent lines of code are clearly marked.

Next on the block diagram is ANALYS (Set Up Position for Analysis). ANALYS allows the user to set the board to any position of his choosing. The routine blinks the graphics board squares in turn, allowing the user to input a piece of his choice or leave the contents unchanged. When the board has been set to the desired arrangement of pieces, play of the game may be resumed. ANALYS also provides a handy means of correcting a move entered by mistake.

As a part of game initialization, DRIVER calls INTERR (Interrogate for Ply and Color). INTERR questions the player for his choice of white or black, and allows him to select the depth of search. DSPBRD and INITBD complete initialization by setting up the graphics board display and internal board array. PGIFND (New Page if Needed) and TBCPCL (Tab to Computer's Column) are used to control spacing in the move list. The move list is displayed to the left of the graphics board on the video screen.

The most important routines called by DRIVER are, of course, CPTRMV and PLYRMV, which are control routines for the computer's and player's moves, respectively. Central to CPTRMV is FNDMOV, the logic to select the computer's move, which has already been discussed. Below FNDMOV on the block diagram is FCDMAT (Forced Mate Handling). If the computer is checkmated, it acknowledges the fact with a message displayed in the move list and by tipping over its king. Assuming the computer is not mated, MOVE makes the chosen move on the board array and EXECMV displays it on the graphics board. In displaying the move, the piece first blinks a few times, moves to its new location, and then blinks a few times again. The function of BITASN (Board Index to ASCII Square Name) is to convert the internal move into a representation in algebraic chess notation on the move list, then INCHK determines whether or not the computer should call "Check."

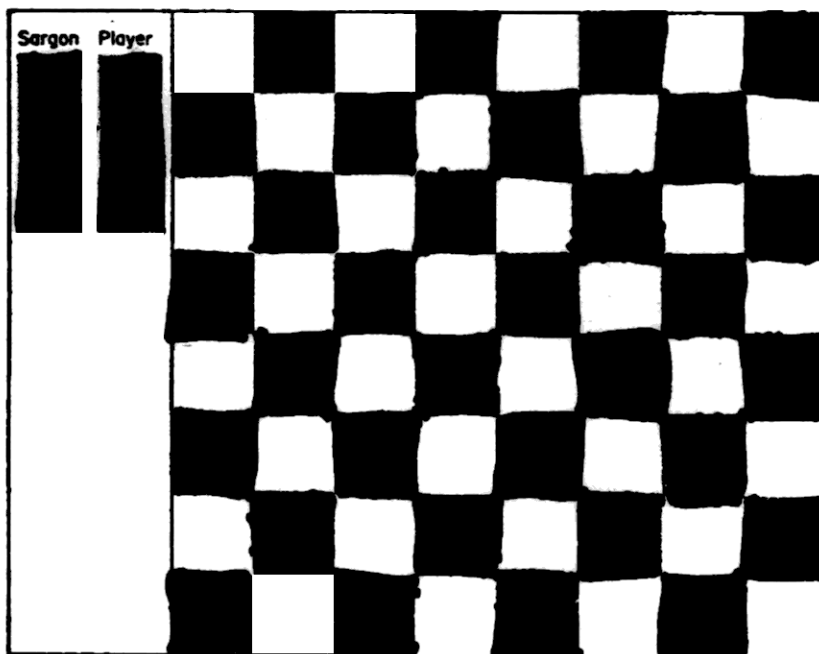
When the opponent is on the move, PLYRMV controls the events. It calls CHARTR to accept the move entry. ASNTBI (ASCII Square Name to Board Index) converts the move to internal representation. Then VALMOV checks the

player's move for validity. If the move is legal, EXECMV displays it on the graphics board as in CPTRMV. PGIFND (New Page if Needed) and TBPLCL (Tab to Player's Column) control spacing in the move list.

The Chess Board in Computer Graphics

A graphics display is an eye-catching addition to a chess program. For the human player, a visual display of the board is far easier to relate to than a scheme which creates an array using purely alphabetic characters. Graphics display requires specialized hardware, and degree of resolution varies with existing displays. The SARGON program features a complete graphics board display. The video screen of the Jupiter III microcomputer, on which it is implemented, has a 96×128 dot graphics matrix. The screen display is controlled by a 2k area of static RAM. Information may be displayed on the screen by storing the desired values in that 2k area. So only *move* instructions are required for graphics display.

The SARGON display utilizes 96×96 dots for the graphics chess board. The remaining area is used to list the moves of the game in algebraic chess notation. The display is arranged as follows:



The empty board and move list area are displayed using the block move feature of the Z-80. It requires no stored data. The memory required to store the piece shapes has been kept to a minimum through use of the concept of boundary and kernel dots.

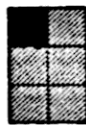
Graphics Control

On the Jupiter III System, every graphics byte is of the form:

$$1X_5Y_4 \quad Y_3 Y_2 Y_1 Y_0$$

where: 1 — Indicates a graphics character

X—Is unimportant, may be 0 or 1 with no effect on the resultant graphics character.



IF $Y_0 = 1$



IF $Y_0 = 0$



IF $Y_1 = 1$



IF $Y_1 = 0$



IF $Y_2 = 1$



IF $Y_2 = 0$



IF $Y_3 = 1$



IF $Y_3 = 0$



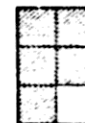
IF $Y_4 = 1$



IF $Y_4 = 0$



IF $Y_5 = 1$



IF $Y_5 = 0$

Graphics Characters

By varying and combining bits that are turned on, a total of 64 different graphics characters may be produced. For example:

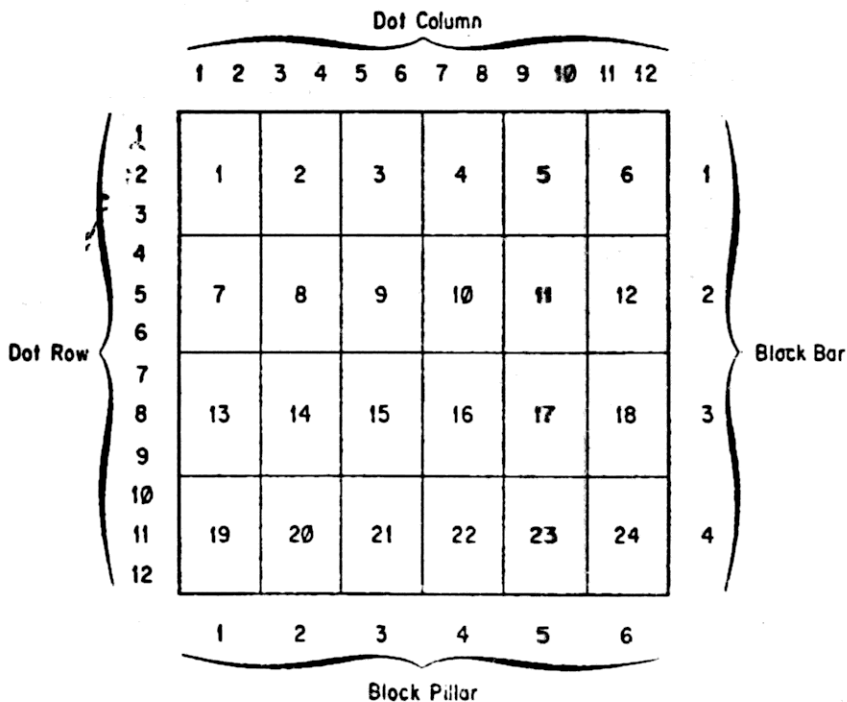
1010 0101 gives



Now, 1010 0101 = 165 in decimal, which can be used as the ASCII code for this character.

Pillar and Bar Formating


We've seen how individual dots are grouped into blocks of six dots each. The blocks are then laid out like tiles to cover the display area. So a dot matrix that is 12 × 12 would look like:




CHESS PIECE SUMMARY

Each square is 12×12 graphics dots, and 6×4 bytes.

No piece affects the 1 byte pillar at each side of the square. So the true region involved is 8×12 dots or 4×4 bytes.

 Boundary dots are the color opposite that of the square.

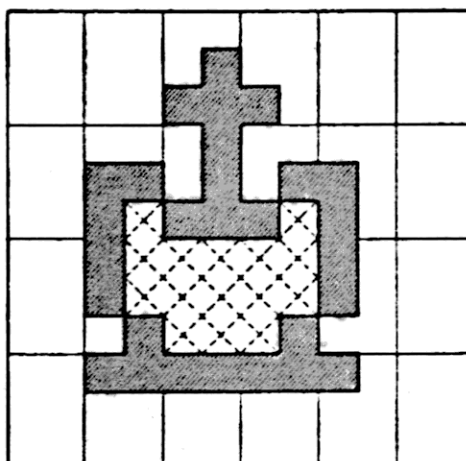
 Kernel dots are the color of the piece.

The top left corner of a square is the norm of the square.

80H—White square

BFH—Black square

It is also the base address of the square. Addresses of the alterable portions of the square relative to the base address are on the chart. The alterable portions of the square are referred to as the field.



Base	Base + 1H	Base + 2H	Base + 3H	Base + 4H
Norm	Base + 41H	Base + 42H	Base + 43H	Base + 44H
	Base + 81H	Base + 82H	Base + 83H	Base + 84H
	Base + C1H	Base + C2H	Base + C3H	Base + C4H
Field				

For each type of piece the tables on the following pages will give the piece shape and four field configurations:

Black on White

Black on Black

White on Black

White on White

All field values are in hexadecimal. Only the black on white configuration is stored in the graphics data base.

KING

Black on White

80 B8 90 80
 EC BA B8 94
 AF BF BF 85
 83 83 83 81

White on Black

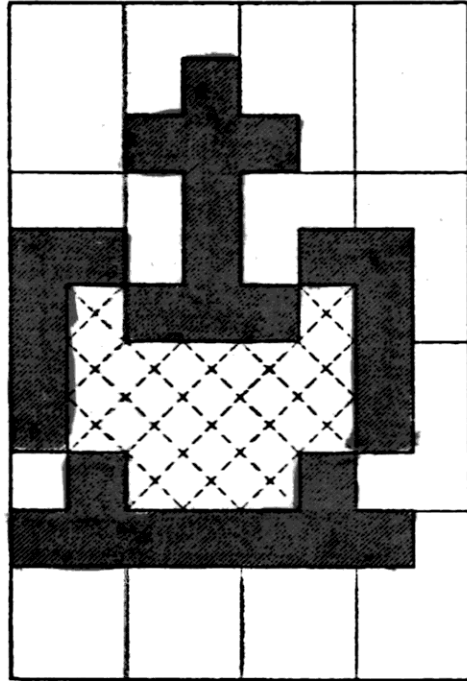
BF 87 AF BF
 83 85 87 AB
 90 80 80 BA
 BC BC BC BE

Black on Black

BF 87 AF BF
 A3 85 A7 AB
 9A BF 9F BA
 BC BC BC BE

White on White

80 B8 90 80
 9C BA 98 94
 A5 80 A0 85
 83 83 83 81



QUEEN

Black on White:

90 80 80 90
 BF B4 BE 95
 8B BF 9F 81
 83 83 83 81

White on Black

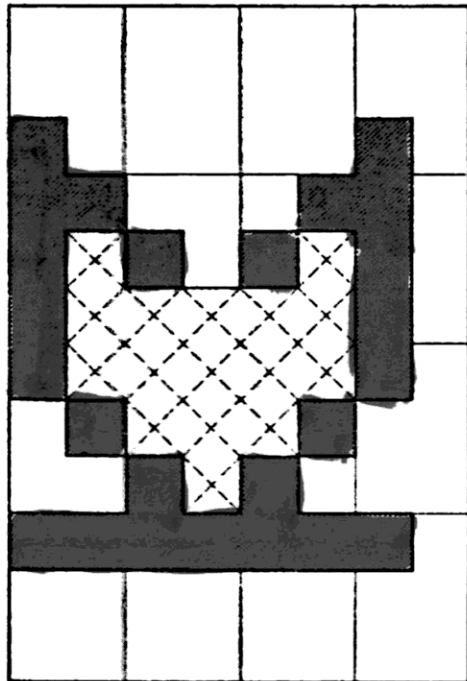
AF BF BF AF
 80 8B 81 AA
 B4 80 A0 BE
 BC BC BC BE

Black on Black

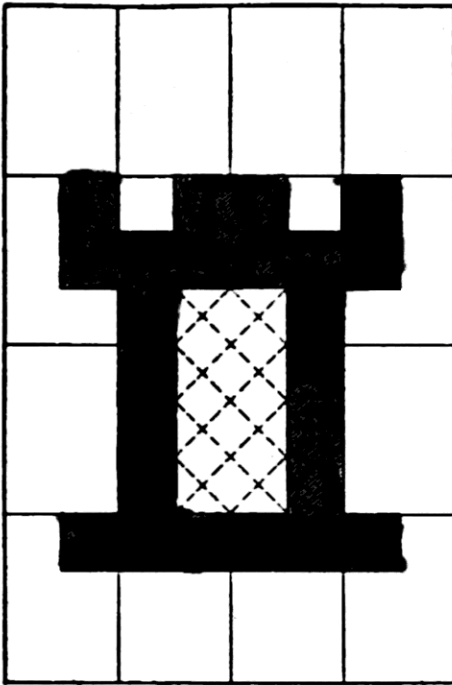
AF BF BF AF
 A8 9B B9 AA
 B6 AF A7 BE
 BC BC BC BE

White on White

90 80 80 90
 97 A4 86 95
 89 90 98 81
 83 83 83 81



ROOK



Black on White

80 80 80 80
8A BE BD 85
80 BF BF 80
82 83 83 81

White on Black

BF BF BF BF
B5 81 82 BA
BF 80 80 BF
BD BC BC BE

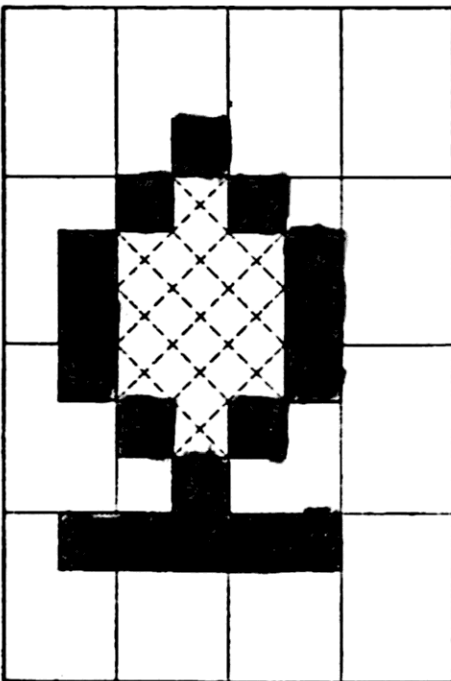
Black on Black

BF BF BF BF
B5 A1 92 BA
BF AA 95 BF
BD BC BC BE

White on White

80 80 80 80
8A 9E AD 85
80 95 AA 80
82 83 83 81

BISHOP



Black on White

80 A0 80 80
A8 BF BD 80
82 AF 87 80
82 83 83 80

White on Black

BF 9F BF BF
97 80 82 BF
BD 90 B8 BF
BD BC BC BF

Black on Black

BF 9F BF BF
97 BE 96 BF
BD 9B B9 BF
BD BC BC BF

White on White

80 A0 80 80
A8 81 A9 80
82 A4 86 80
82 83 83 80

KNIGHT

Black on White

80 B0 B0 80
BE BF BF 95
A0 BF BF 85
83 83 83 81

White on Black

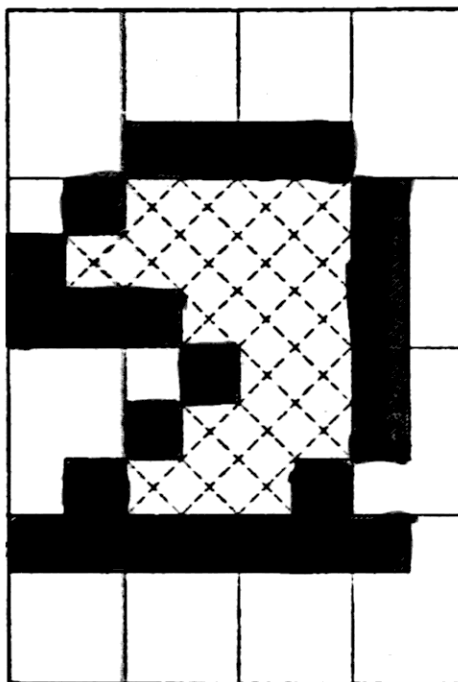
BF 8F 8F BF
81 80 80 AA
9F 81 BF BA
BC BC BC BE

Black on Black

BF 8F 8F BF
89 AF BF AA
9F B9 9F BA
BC BC BC BE

White on White

80 B0 B0 80
B6 90 80 95
A0 86 A0 85
83 83 83 81



PAWN

Black on White

80 80 80 80
80 A0 90 80
80 AF 9F 80
80 83 83 80

White on Black

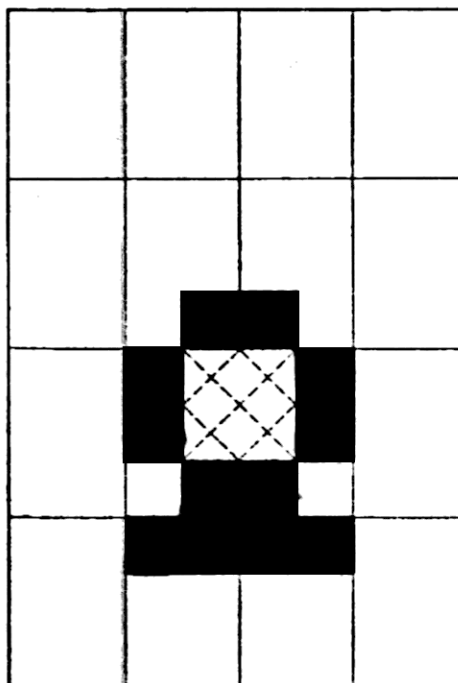
BF BF BF BF
BF 9F AF BF
BF 90 A0 BF
BF BC BC BF

Black on Black

BF BF BF BF
BF 9F AF BF
BF 9A A5 BF
BF BC BC BF

White on White

80 80 80 80
80 A0 90 80
80 A5 9A 80
80 83 83 80



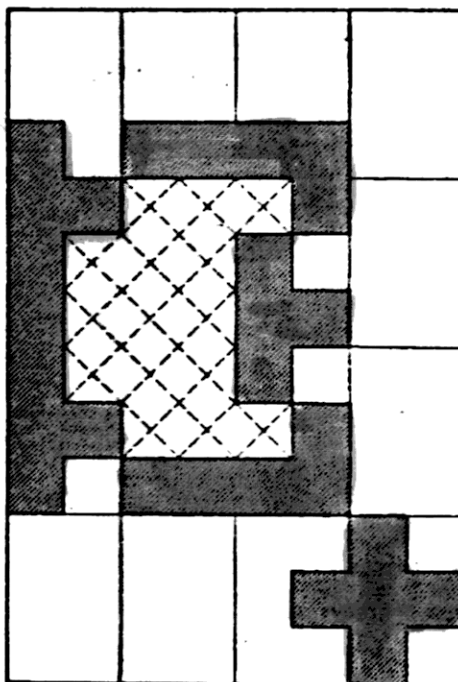
TOPPLED KING

Black on White

90 B0 B0 80
 BF BF B7 80
 9F BF BD 80
 80 80 88 9D

Black on Black

AF 8F 8F BF
 A8 BF 89 BF
 A2 8F 86 BF
 BF BF B7 A2



For any byte the 10 in bits 6 and 7 must remain.

Boundary bytes are complemented if a piece moves to another color square.

Kernel bytes must be moved in from a table in memory. Only one color need be stored, since the other color is the complement. For each piece, the kernel will be composed of 6 bytes to be transferred to base plus 41H, 42H, 43H, 81H, 82H, and 83H. Only the black on black values are stored in the graphics data base.

Black

on White

KING	BC	BA	B8	AF	BF	BF
QUEEN	BF	B4	BE	8B	BF	9F
ROOK	8A	BE	BD	80	BF	BF
BISHOP	A8	BF	BD	82	AF	87
KNIGHT	BE	BF	BF	A0	BE	BF
PAWN	80	A0	90	80	AF	9F

on Black

A3	85	A7	9A	BF	9F
A8	9B	B9	B6	AF	A7
B5	A1	92	BF	AA	95
97	BE	96	BD	9B	B9
89	AF	BF	9F	B9	9F
BF	9F	AF	BF	9A	A5

Thus, the entire data base required for all pieces to be displayed occupies only 154 bytes of storage.

User's Guide to SARGON

1. To begin execution:

The start address of SARGON will vary depending on the load address. It will always be the address of DRIVER. Once execution has begun, SARGON will ask you a series of questions:

"Welcome to Chess. Care for a Game?"

To play a game of chess respond with "y." An answer of "n" will get you to the routine that allows you to set up a board position. (See Item 5.)

"Would you like to play white (w) or black (b)?"

The player selects white by entering "w" or black by "b." Any other key defaults to black. White always moves first.

"Select look ahead (1-6)."

This allows the player to select the depth of search. For example, if you select 3 ply, SARGON will consider:

1. All of his possible moves.
2. All of your responses to those moves.
3. All of his possible replies to your responses.

At this point, the board display will appear on the screen. If you choose white, SARGON will be waiting for your move entry. If you choose black, SARGON will make its move on the board, print it in the move list, and then wait for your move entry.

2. To enter a move:

Moves must be entered in algebraic chess notation. This means you must tell SARGON the file and rank coordinates of the squares you are moving from and to. The files are lettered a-h and the ranks are numbered 1-8. So the coordinates of the board are:

	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	
8	a8	b8	c8	d8	e8	f8	g8	h8	8
7	a7	b7	c7	d7	e7	f7	g7	h7	7
6	a6	b6	c6	d6	e6	f6	g6	h6	6
5	a5	b5	c5	d5	e5	f5	g5	h5	5
4	a4	b4	c4	d4	e4	f4	g4	h4	4
3	a3	b3	c3	d3	e3	f3	g3	h3	3
2	a2	b2	c2	d2	e2	f2	g2	h2	2
1	a1	b1	c1	d1	e1	f1	g1	h1	1
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	

The move itself is entered as ff-tt, so to play the king's pawn up two squares you would enter:

"e2-e4"

If SARGON responded with the same move, it would print:

"e7-e5"

To Castle

Just enter the king's move. The rook will tag along. For example, if you are white and you wish to castle king's side, enter:

"e1-g1"

You will see both your king and rook move. When SARGON castles, he lists it as 0-0 or 0-0-0 as in normal chess notation.

To Capture En Passant

If you wish to capture one of SARGON's pawns using the en passant privilege, enter your pawn's move. After your pawn move is displayed, SARGON's pawn will blink and then vanish. When SARGON captures en passant,

his move is displayed on the graphics board in the same way. SARGON prints it in the move list as PxPep.

3. To play another game after checkmate:

If either you or SARGON is checkmated, and you wish to play again, just hit any key. The screen will blank out and SARGON will ask:

"Care for Another Game?"

Replies to this question are just like those to the original "Care for a Game?"

4. To resign a hopeless game or take back a move:

If you decide your position is hopeless, or you wish to change a move entered in error, first wait until it is your turn to move. Then enter "control-R." You will immediately get the "Care for Another Game?" question. If you want to start over, type "y," but if you want to correct the board display, type "n." You will then get the routine that allows you to set up a board position.

5. To set up or correct a board position:

If you typed "n" to a "Care for a Game" question, SARGON will now ask:

"Would you like to analyze a position?"

If you answer "n" to this one, you will be out of SARGON entirely and back in the computer's monitor state. An answer of "y" will display the board just as you left it. The lower left-hand corner will blink. That's your signal that you can change the contents of that square, using one of the analysis commands.

Summary of Analysis Commands

<CR> →

A carriage return leaves the contents of the square unchanged and blinks the next square. If you are already at the upper right-hand corner, it wraps around to the lower left-hand corner and blinks that square.

Backspace

A backspace leaves the contents of the square unchanged and blinks a square in the other direction. It's the opposite of a <CR>, so you can go either direction.

Clear

→
Clear

An entry of ~~Clear~~, or of the space bar, or any key not listed in these commands will empty the square.

"Enter a Piece"

To enter a piece, type in piece-code, color-code, moved-code.

Piece-code is a letter indicating the desired piece (upper or lower case):

K — King
Q — Queen
R — Rook
B — Bishop
N — Knight
P — Pawn

Color-code is a letter indicating the side the piece belongs to (also upper or lower case):

w — white
b — black

Moved-code is a number indicating whether the piece has moved or not:

0 — piece has never moved
1 — piece has moved

Some examples:

To enter a black pawn on its original square type:

"P, b, 0"

A white knight in the middle of the board would be:

"N, w, 1"

A black king on its original square which has, however, moved:

"K, b, 1"

Escape



The ~~space~~ key will terminate the blinking cycle. SARGON will ask:

"Is this right?"

An answer of "n" will go back to setting up the board. If you say "y" then SARGON will ask for the information it needs to resume play from this point. The color choice and search depth questions are the same as in Section 1. In addition SARGON must be given the answer to:

"Whose move is it?"

6. To terminate execution:

The way out of the SARGON program depends on whether you're at the end of a game, in the middle of a game, or setting up a board position.

At the end of a game:

1. Depress any key.
2. SARGON responds with: "Care for Another Game?"
3. Answer with "n."
4. SARGON responds with: "Would you like to analyze a position?"
5. Answer with "n" and you're out.

In the middle of a game:

1. Wait until it's your turn.
2. Enter "~~Control-R~~"
3. SARGON responds with: "Care for Another Game?"
4. Follow 3-5 as for the end of a game.

Setting up a board:

1. Depress the ^{BREAK}~~Control-R~~ key.
2. SARGON answers: "Is this right?"
3. Respond with "ywlw," answering four questions at once.
4. Follow 2-4 as for the middle of a game.

**Page Was
Missing From
Source Material**

Notes on the Implementation of SARGON

1. SARGON was assembled using the TDL Macro Assembler, which does not use the ZILOG mnemonics. Conversion to ZILOG mnemonics can be performed on an instruction for instruction basis using the conversion chart included with this listing.
2. I/O is based on the JOVE operation system which runs on the Wave-Mate Jupiter III computer. For ease in conversion all I/O has been isolated to the following areas: Accept Input Character (p. 82), I/O Macro Definitions (p. 68), and Set Up Empty Board (p. 89).
3. SARGON must be loaded at a start address which is an even 256 byte page boundary (that is, at an address of the form XX00 hexadecimal).
4. Graphics routines assume a 96 by 128 dot matrix with black characters on a white background. To convert to a display with white characters on a black background, only six lines of code need be changed:

Location	Is	Change to
DB04	MVI M,80H	MVI M,0BFH
DB08	MVI M,0BFH	MVI M,80H
2 lines above IP04	JRZ IP04	JRNZ IP04
4 lines above IP18	JRNZ IP18	JRZ IP18
2 lines above IP18	JRNZ IP2C	JRZ IP2C
1 line below IP18	JRZ IP2C	JRNZ IP2C

5. SARGON requires a minimum of 8K bytes of memory available for user programs.

**Page Was
Missing From
Source Material**

```

;*****
;
;               SARGON
;
;       Sargon is a computer chess playing program designed
; and coded by Dan and Kathe Spracklen. Copyright 1978. All
; rights reserved. No part of this publication may be
; reproduced without the prior written permission.
;
;*****
; EQUATES
;*****
;
PAWN      =      1
KNIGHT    =      2
BISHOP    =      3
ROOK      =      4
QUEEN     =      5
KING      =      6
WHITE     =      0
BLACK     =      80H
BPAWN     =      BLACK+PAWN

;*****
; TABLES SECTION
;*****
START:
        .LOC      START+80H
TBASE   =      START+100H
;*****
; DIRECT -- Direction Table. Used to determine the dir-
;          ection of movement of each piece.
;*****
DIRECT  =      .-TBASE
        .BYTE     +09,+11,-11,-09
        .BYTE     +10,-10,+01,-01
        .BYTE     -21,-12,+08,+19
        .BYTE     +21,+12,-08,-19
        .BYTE     +10,+10,+11,+09
        .BYTE     -10,-10,-11,-09

```

```

;*****
; DPOINT  --  Direction Table Pointer.  Used to determine
;             where to begin in the direction table for any
;             given piece.
;*****
DPOINT  =      .-TBASE
          .BYTE  20,16,8,0,4,0,0
;*****
; DCOUNT  --  Direction Table Counter.  Used to determine
;             the number of directions of movement for any
;             given piece.
;*****
DCOUNT  =      .-TBASE
          .BYTE  4,4,8,4,4,8,8

;*****
; PVALUE   --  Point Value.  Gives the point value of each
;             piece, or the worth of each piece.
;*****
PVALUE  =      .-TBASE-1
          .BYTE  1,3,3,5,9,10
;*****
; PIECES   --  The initial arrangement of the first rank of
;             pieces on the board.  Use to set up the board
;             for the start of the game.
;*****
PIECES  =      .-TBASE
          .BYTE  4,2,3,5,6,3,2,4

```

```

;*****
; SCARD  — Board Array. Used to hold the current position
; of the board during play. The board itself
; looks like:
;
; FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
; FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
; FF0402030506030204FF
; FF0101010101010101FF
; FF0000000000000000FF
; FF0000000000000000FF
; FF0000000000000000FF
; FF0000000000000000FF
; FF0000000000000000FF
; FF0101010101010101FF
; FF8482838586838284FF
; FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
; FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
; The values of FF form the border of the
; board, and are used to indicate when a piece
; moves off the board. The individual bits of
; the other bytes in the board array are as
; follows:
;
;   Bit 7 -- Color of the piece
;           1 -- Black
;           0 -- White
;
;   Bit 6 -- Not used
;   Bit 5 -- Not used
;   Bit 4 -- Castle flag for Kings only
;   Bit 3 -- Piece has moved flag
;   Bits 2-0 Piece type
;           1 -- Pawn
;           2 -- Knight
;           3 -- Bishop
;           4 -- Rook
;           5 -- Queen
;           6 -- King
;           7 -- Not used
;           0 -- Empty Square
;*****
BOARD  =      .-TBASE
BOARDA: .B11B 120

```

```

;*****
; ATKLIST -- Attack List. A two part array, the first
;           half for white and the second half for black.
;           It is used to hold the attackers of any given
;           square in the order of their value.
;
; WACT    -- White Attack Count. This is the first
;           byte of the array and tells how many pieces are
;           in the white portion of the attack list.
;
; BACT    -- Black Attack Count. This is the eighth byte of
;           the array and does the same for black.
;*****
WACT      =      ATKLIST
BACT      =      ATKLIST+7
ATKLST:   .WORD   0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0

```

```

;*****
; PLIST   -- Pinned Piece Array. This is a two part array.
;           PLISTA contains the pinned piece position.
;           PLISTD contains the direction from the pinned
;           piece to the attacker.
;*****
PLIST     =      .-TBASE-1
PLISTD    =      PLIST+10
PLISTA:   .WORD   0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0

```

```

;*****
; POSK    -- Position of Kings. A two byte area, the first
;           byte of which hold the position of the white
;           king and the second holding the position of
;           the black king.
;
; POSQ    -- Position of Queens. Like POSK, but for queens.
;*****
POSK:     .BYTE   24,95
POSQ:     .BYTE   14,94
          .BYTE   -1

```



```

.....
SCORE  -- Score Array.  Used during Alpha-Beta pruning to
        hold the scores at each ply.  It includes two
        "dummy" entries for ply -1 and ply 0.
.....

```

```

White:  .WORD  0,0,0,0,0,0
.....
PLYIX  -- Ply Table.  Contains pairs of pointers, a pair
        for each ply.  The first pointer points to the
        top of the list of possible moves at that ply.
        The second pointer points to which move in the
        list is the one currently being considered.
.....

```

```

Brix:  .WORD  0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
        .WORD  0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
.....
STACK  -- Contains the stack for the program.
.....
        .LOC    START+2FFH

```

```

;*****
; TABLE INDICES SECTION
;
; M1-M4    -- Working indices used to index into
;            the board array.
;
; T1-T3    -- Working indices used to index into Direction
;            Count, Direction Value, and Piece Value tables.
;
; INDX1    -- General working indices. Used for various
; INDX2    purposes.
;
; NPINS    -- Number of Pins. Count and pointer into the
;            pinned piece list.
;
; MLPTRI   -- Pointer into the ply table which tells
;            which pair of pointers are in current use.
;
; MLPTRJ   -- Pointer into the move list to the move that is
;            currently being processed.
;
; SCRIX    -- Score Index. Pointer to the score table for
;            the ply being examined.
;
; BESTM    -- Pointer into the move list for the move that
;            is currently considered the best by the
;            Alpha-Beta pruning process.
;
; MLLST    -- Pointer to the previous move placed in the move
;            list. Used during generation of the move list.
;
; MLNXT    -- Pointer to the next available space in the move
;            list.
;
;*****
;          .LOC      START+0
M1:        .WORD     TBASE
M2:        .WORD     TBASE
M3:        .WORD     TBASE
M4:        .WORD     TBASE
T1:        .WORD     TBASE
T2:        .WORD     TBASE
T3:        .WORD     TBASE
INDX1:     .WORD     TBASE
INDX2:     .WORD     TBASE
NPINS:     .WORD     TBASE
MLPTRI:    .WORD     PLYIX
MLPTRJ:    .WORD     0
SCRIX:     .WORD     0
BESTM:     .WORD     0
MLLST:     .WORD     0
MLNXT:     .WORD     MLIST

```

```

*****
; VARIABLES SECTION
;
; KOLOR    -- Indicates computer's color.  White is 0, and
;           Black is 80H.
;
; COLOR    -- Indicates color of the side with the move.
;
; P1-P3    -- Working area to hold the contents of the board
;           array for a given square.
;
; PHATE    -- The move number at which a checkmate is
;           discovered during look ahead.
;
; MOVENO   -- Current move number.
;
; PLYMAX   -- Maximum depth of search using Alpha-Beta
;           pruning.
;
; NPLY     -- Current ply number during Alpha-Beta
;           pruning.
;
; CKFLG    -- A non-zero value indicates the king is in check.
;
; MATEF    -- A zero value indicates no legal moves.
;
; VALM     -- The score of the current move being examined.
;
; BRDC     -- A measure of mobility equal to the total number
;           of squares white can move to minus the number
;           black can move to.
;
; PTSL     -- The maximum number of points which could be lost
;           through an exchange by the player not on the
;           move.
;
; PTSW1    -- The maximum number of points which could be won
;           through an exchange by the player not on the
;           move.
;
; PTSW2    -- The second highest number of points which could
;           be won through a different exchange by the player
;           not on the move.
;
; MTRL     -- A measure of the difference in material
;           currently on the board.  It is the total value of
;           the white pieces minus the total value of the
;           black pieces.
;
; BCB      -- The value of board control(BRDC) at ply 0.

```

```

;
; MV0      -- The value of material(MTRL) at ply 0.
;
; PTSCK    -- A non-zero value indicates that the piece has
;             just moved itself into a losing exchange of
;             material.
;
; BMOVES   -- Our very tiny book of openings. Determines
;             the first move for the computer.
;
;*****
KOLOR:    .BYTE    0
COLOR:    .BYTE    0
P1:       .BYTE    0
P2:       .BYTE    0
P3:       .BYTE    0
PMATE:    .BYTE    0
MOVENO:   .BYTE    0
PLYMAX:   .BYTE    2
NPLY:     .BYTE    0
CKFLG:    .BYTE    0
MATEF:    .BYTE    0
VALM:     .BYTE    0
BRDC:     .BYTE    0
PTSL:     .BYTE    0
PTSW1:    .BYTE    0
PTSW2:    .BYTE    0
MTRL:     .BYTE    0
BC0:      .BYTE    0
MV0:      .BYTE    0
PTSCK:    .BYTE    0
BMOVES:   .BYTE    35,55,10H
           .BYTE    34,54,10H
           .BYTE    85,65,10H
           .BYTE    84,64,10H

```

```

*****
: MOVE LIST SECTION
:
: MLIST  -- A 2048 byte storage area for generated moves.
:          This area must be large enough to hold all
:          the moves for a single leg of the move tree.
:
: MLEND  -- The address of the last available location
:          in the move list.
:
: MLPTR  -- The Move List is a linked list of individual
:          moves each of which is 6 bytes in length. The
:          move list pointer (MLPTR) is the link field
:          within a move.
:
: MLFRP  -- The field in the move entry which gives the
:          board position from which the piece is moving.
:
: MLTOP  -- The field in the move entry which gives the
:          board position to which the piece is moving.
:
: MLFLG  -- A field in the move entry which contains flag
:          information. The meaning of each bit is as
:          follows:
:          Bit 7 -- The color of any captured piece
:                   0 -- White
:                   1 -- Black
:          Bit 6 -- Double move flag (set for castling and
:                   en passant pawn captures)
:          Bit 5 -- Pawn Promotion flag; set when pawn
:                   promotes.
:          Bit 4 -- When set, this flag indicates that
:                   this is the first move for the
:                   piece on the move.
:          Bit 3 -- This flag is set if there is a piece
:                   captured, and that piece has moved at
:                   least once.
:          Bits 2-0 Describe the captured piece. A
:                   zero value indicates no capture.
:
: MLVAL  -- The field in the move entry which contains the
:          score assigned to the move.
:
: *****

```

```

      .LOC      START+300H
MLIST: .BLKB    2048
MLEND  =        MLIST+2040
MLPTR  =        0
MLFRP  =        2
MLTOP  =        3
MLFLG  =        4
MLVAL  =        5

```

```

;*****
; PROGRAM CODE SECTION
;*****
; BOARD SETUP ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:      To initialize the board array, setting the
;                pieces in their initial positions for the
;                start of the game.
;
; CALLED BY:     DRIVER
;
; CALLS:         None
;
; ARGUMENTS:     None
;
;*****
INITBD: MVI      B,120                ; Pre-fill board with -1's
        LXI      H,BOARDA
        MVI      M,-1
        INX      H
        DJNZ     .-3
        MVI      B,8
        LXI      X,BOARDA
IB2:    MOV      A,-8(X)              ; Fill non-border squares
        MOV      21(X),A              ; White pieces
        SET      7,A                  ; Change to black
        MOV      91(X),A              ; Black pieces
        MVI      31(X),PAWN           ; White Pawns
        MVI      81(X),BPAWN         ; Black Pawns
        MVI      41(X),0              ; Empty squares
        MVI      51(X),0
        MVI      61(X),0
        MVI      71(X),0
        INX      X
        DJNZ     IB2
        LXI      X,POSK                ; Init King/Queen position list
        MVI      0(X),25
        MVI      1(X),95
        MVI      2(X),24
        MVI      3(X),94
        RET

```

```

;*****
; PATH ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:   To generate a single possible move for a given
;             piece along its current path of motion including:
;
;             Fetching the contents of the board at the new
;             position, and setting a flag describing the
;             contents:
;
;             0 -- New position is empty
;             1 -- Encountered a piece of the
;                   opposite color
;             2 -- Encountered a piece of the
;                   same color
;             3 -- New position is off the
;                   board
;
; CALLED BY:  MPIECE
;             ATTACK
;             PINFND
;
; CALLS:      None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  Direction from the direction array giving the
;             constant to be added for the new position.
;*****
PATH:  LXI      H,M2          ; Get previous position
       MOV      A,M
       ADD      C            ; Add direction constant
       MOV      M,A          ; Save new position
       LIXD     M2           ; Load board index
       MOV      A,BOARD(X)   ; Get contents of board
       CPI      -1           ; In boarder area ?
       JRZ      PA2          ; Yes - jump
       STA      P2           ; Save piece
       ANI      7            ; Clear flags
       STA      T2          ; Save piece type
       RZ                ; Return if empty
       LDA      P2           ; Get piece encountered
       LXI      H,P1         ; Get moving piece address
       XRA      M            ; Compare
       BIT      7,A          ; Do colors match ?
       JRZ      PA1          ; Yes - jump
       MVI      A,1          ; Set different color flag
       RET                ; Return
PA1:   MVI      A,2          ; Set same color flag
       RET                ; Return
PA2:   MVI      A,3          ; Set off board flag
       RET                ; Return

```

```

;*****
; PIECE MOVER ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:      To generate all the possible legal moves for a
;                given piece.
;
; CALLED BY:     GENMOV
;
; CALLS:         PATH,
;                ADMOVE
;                CASTLE
;                ENPSNT
;
; ARGUMENTS:     The piece to be moved.
;*****
MPIECE: XRA      M           ; Piece to move
        ANI      87H        ; Clear flag bit
        CPI      BPAWN      ; Is it a black Pawn ?
        JRNZ     .+3        ; No-Skip
        DCR      A          ; Decrement for black Pawns
        ANI      7          ; Get piece type
        STA      T1         ; Save piece type
        LIYD     T1         ; Load index to DCOUNT/DPOINT
        MOV      B,DCOUNT(Y) ; Get direction count
        MOV      A,DPOINT(Y) ; Get direction pointer
        STA      INDX2      ; Save as index to direct
        LIYD     INDX2      ; Load index
MP5:    MOV      C,DIRECT(Y) ; Get move direction
        LDA      M1         ; From position
        STA      M2         ; Initialize to position
MP10:   CALL     PATH       ; Calculate next position
        CPI      2          ; Ready for new direction ?
        JRNC     MP15       ; Yes - Jump
        ANA      A          ; Test for empty square
        EXAF     ; Save result
        LDA      T1         ; Get piece moved
        CPI      PAWN+1     ; Is it a Pawn ?
        JRC      MP20       ; Yes - Jump
        CALL     ADMOVE     ; Add move to list
        EXAF     ; Empty square ?
        JRNZ     MP15       ; No - Jump
        LDA      T1         ; Piece type
        CPI      KING       ; King ?
        JRZ      MP15       ; Yes - Jump
        CPI      BISHOP     ; Bishop, Rook, or Queen ?
        JRNC     MP10       ; Yes - Jump
MP15:   INX      Y          ; Increment direction index
        DJNZ     MP5        ; Decr. count-jump if non-zero
        LDA      T1         ; Piece type

```


	CPI	KING	; King ?
	CZ	CASTLE	; Yes - Try Castling
	RET		; Return
, *****	PAWN	LOGIC	*****
MP20:	MOV	A,B	; Counter for direction
	CPI	3	; On diagonal moves ?
	JRC	MP35	; Yes - Jump
	JRZ	MP30	; -or-jump if on 2 square move
	EXAF		; Is forward square empty?
	JRNZ	MP15	; No - jump
	LDA	M2	; Get "to" position
	CPI	91	; Promote white Pawn ?
	JRNC	MP25	; Yes - Jump
	CPI	29	; Promote black Pawn ?
	JRNC	MP26	; No - Jump
MP25:	LXI	H,P2	; Flag address
	SET	5,M	; Set promote flag
MP26:	CALL	ADMOVE	; Add to move list
	INX	Y	; Adjust to two square move
	DCR	B	
	LXI	H,P1	; Check Pawn moved flag
	BIT	3,M	; Has it moved before ?
	JRZ	MP10	; No - Jump
	JMP	MP15	; Jump
MP30:	EXAF		; Is forward square empty ?
	JRNZ	MP15	; No - Jump
MP31:	CALL	ADMOVE	; Add to move list
	JMP	MP15	; Jump
MP35:	EXAF		; Is diagonal square empty ?
	JRZ	MP36	; Yes - Jump
	LDA	M2	; Get "to" position
	CPI	91	; Promote white Pawn ?
	JRNC	MP37	; Yes - Jump
	CPI	29	; Black Pawn promotion ?
	JRNC	MP31	; No- Jump
MP37:	LXI	H,P2	; Get flag address
	SET	5,M	; Set promote flag
	JMPR	MP31	; Jump
MP36:	CALL	ENPSNT	; Try en passant capture
	JMP	MP15	; Jump

```

;*****
; EN PASSANT ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To test for en passant Pawn capture and
;              to add it to the move list if it is
;              legal.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- MPIECE
;
; CALLS:      -- ADMOVE
;
;              ADJPTR
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
ENPSNT: LDA      M1          ; Set position of Pawn
        LXI      H,P1       ; Check color
        BIT      7,M        ; Is it white ?
        JRZ      .+4        ; Yes - skip
        ADI      10         ; Add 10 for black
        CPI      61         ; On en passant capture rank ?
        RC       ; No - return
        CPI      69         ; On en passant capture rank ?
        RNC       ; No - return
        LIXD     MLPTRJ     ; Get pointer to previous move
        BIT      4,MLFLG(X) ; First move for that piece ?
        RZ       ; No - return
        MOV      A,MLTOP(X) ; Get "to" position
        STA      M4         ; Store as index to board
        LIXD     M4         ; Load board index
        MOV      A,BOARD(X) ; Get piece moved
        STA      P3         ; Save it
        ANI      7         ; Get piece type
        CPI      PAWN       ; Is it a Pawn ?
        RNZ      ; No - return
        LDA      M4         ; Get "to" position
        LXI      H,M2       ; Get present "to" position
        SUB      M          ; Find difference
        JP       .+5        ; Positive ? Yes - Jump
        NEG      ; Else take absolute value
        CPI      10         ; Is difference 10 ?
        RNZ      ; No - return
        LXI      H,P2       ; Address of flags
        SET      6,M        ; Set double move flag
        CALL     ADMOVE     ; Add Pawn move to move list
        LDA      M1         ; Save initial Pawn position
        STA      M3
        LDA      M4         ; Set "from" and "to" positions
                           ; for dummy move

```

```

STA      M1
STA      M2
LDA      P3          ; Save captured Pawn
STA      P2
CALL     ADMOVE       ; Add Pawn capture to move list
LDA      M3          ; Restore "from" position
STA      M1

```

```

;*****
: ADJUST MOVE LIST POINTER FOR DOUBLE MOVE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To adjust move list pointer to link around
;              second move in double move.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- ENPSNT
;              CASTLE
;              (This mini-routine is not really called,
;              but is jumped to to save time.)
;
; CALLS:     -- None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
ADJPTR: LHL      MLLST          ; Get list pointer
        LXI      D,-6          ; Size of a move entry
        DAD      D              ; Back up list pointer
        SHLD     MLLST         ; Save list pointer
        MVI      M,0           ; Zero out link, first byte
        INX      H              ; Next byte
        MVI      M,0           ; Zero out link, second byte
        RET

```

```

;*****
;CASTLE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To determine whether castling is legal
;              (Queen side, King side, or both) and add it
;              to the move list if it is.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- MPIECE
;
; CALLS:      -- ATTACK
;              ADMOVE
;              ADJPTR
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
CASTLE: LDA     P1           ; Get King
        BIT     3,A         ; Has it moved ?
        RNZ     ; Yes - return
        LDA     CKFLG       ; Fetch Check Flag
        ANA     A           ; Is the King in check ?
        RNZ     ; Yes - Return
        LXI     B,0FF03H    ; Initialize King-side values
CA5:    LDA     M1           ; King position
        ADD     C           ; Rook position
        MOV     C,A         ; Save
        STA     M3         ; Store as board index
        LIXD    M3         ; Load board index
        MOV     A,BOARD(X)  ; Get contents of board
        ANI     7FH        ; Clear color bit
        CPI     ROOK       ; Has Rook ever moved ?
        JRNZ    CA20       ; Yes - Jump
        MOV     A,C         ; Restore Rook position
        JMPR    CA15       ; Jump
CA10:   LIXD    M3         ; Load board index
        MOV     A,BOARD(X)  ; Get contents of board
        ANA     A           ; Empty ?
        JRNZ    CA20       ; No - Jump
        LDA     M3         ; Current position
        CPI     22         ; White Queen Knight square ?
        JRZ     CA15       ; Yes - Jump
        CPI     92         ; Black Queen Knight square ?
        JRZ     CA15       ; Yes - Jump
        CALL    ATTACK     ; Look for attack on square
        ANA     A           ; Any attackers ?
        JRNZ    CA20       ; Yes - Jump
        LDA     M3         ; Current position
CA15:   ADD     B           ; Next position
        STA     M3         ; Save as board index
        LXI     H,M1       ; King position
        CMP     M          ; Reached King ?

```

	JRNZ	CA10	; No - jump
	SUB	B	; Determine King's position
	SUB	B	
	STA	M2	; Save it
	LXI	H,P2	; Address of flags
	MVI	M,40H	; Set double move flag
	CALL	ADMOVE	; Put king move in list
	LXI	H,M1	; Addr of King "from" position
	MOV	A,M	; Get King's "from" position
	MOV	M,C	; Store Rook "from" position
	SUB	B	; Get Rook "to" position
	STA	M2	; Store Rook "to" position
	XRA	A	; Zero
	STA	P2	; Zero move flags
	CALL	ADMOVE	; Put Rook move in list
	CALL	ADJPTR	; Re-adjust move list pointer
	LDA	M3	; Restore King position
	STA	M1	; Store
CA20:	MOV	A,B	; Scan Index
	CPI	1	; Done ?
	RZ		; Yes - return
	LXI	B,01FCH	; Set Queen-side initial values
	JMP	CA5	; Jump

```

;*****
; ADMOVE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To add a move to the move list
;
; CALLED BY:  -- MPIECE
;              ENPSNT
;              CASTLE
;
; CALLS:      -- None
;
; ARGUMENT:   -- None
;*****
ADMOVE: LDED    MLNXT      ; Addr of next loc in move list
        LXI     H,MLEND    ; Address of list end
        ANA     A          ; Clear carry flag
        DSBC    D          ; Calculate difference
        JRC     AM10       ; Jump if out of space
        LHLD    MLLST      ; Addr of prev. list area
        SDED    MLLST      ; Save next as previous
        MOV     M,E         ; Store link address
        INX     H
        MOV     M,D
        LXI     H,P1       ; Address of moved piece
        BIT     3,M        ; Has it moved before ?
        JRNZ    .+7        ; Yes - jump
        LXI     H,P2       ; Address of move flags
        SET     4,M        ; Set first move flag
        XCHG      ; Address of move area
        MVI     M,0        ; Store zero in link address
        INX     H
        MVI     M,0
        INX     H
        LDA     M1         ; Store "from" move position
        MOV     M,A
        INX     H
        LDA     M2         ; Store "to" move position
        MOV     M,A
        INX     H
        LDA     P2         ; Store move flags/capt. piece
        MOV     M,A
        INX     H
        MVI     M,0        ; Store initial move value
        INX     H
        SHLD    MLNXT      ; Save address for next move
        RET              ; Return
AM10:   MVI     M,0        ; Abort entry on table overflow
        INX     H
        MVI     M,0
        DCX     H
        RET

```

```

;*****
; GENERATE MOVE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  To generate the move set for all of the
;               pieces of a given color.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  FNDMOV
;
; CALLS:      --  MIECE
;               INCHK
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;*****
GENMOV: CALL    INCHK          ; Test for King in check
        STA     CKFLG         ; Save attack count as flag
        LDED    MLNXT         ; Addr of next avail list space
        LHLD    MLPTRI        ; Ply list pointer index
        INX     H              ; Increment to next ply
        INX     H
        MOV     M,E           ; Save move list pointer
        INX     H
        MOV     M,D
        INX     H
        SHLD    MLPTRI        ; Save new index
        SHLD    MLLST         ; Last pointer for chain init.
GM5:    MVI     A,21           ; First position on board
        STA     M1            ; Save as index
        LIXD    M1            ; Load board index
        MOV     A,BOARD(X)    ; Fetch board contents
        ANA     A             ; Is it empty ?
        JRZ     GM10          ; Yes - Jump
        CPI     -1            ; Is it a boarder square ?
        JRZ     GM10          ; Yes - Jump
        STA     P1            ; Save piece
        LXI     H,COLOR       ; Address of color of piece
        XRA     M             ; Test color of piece
        BIT     7,A           ; Match ?
        CZ      MPIECE        ; Yes - call Move Piece
GM10:   LDA     M1            ; Fetch current board position
        INR     A             ; Incr to next board position
        CPI     99            ; End of board array ?
        JNZ     GM5           ; No - Jump
        RET                  ; Return

```

```

;*****
; CHECK ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To determine whether or not the
;             King is in check.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- GENMOV
;             FNDMOV
;             EVAL
;
; CALLS:      -- ATTACK
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Color of King
;*****
INCHK:  LDA    COLOR          ; Get color
INCHK1: LXI    H,POSK         ; Addr of white King position
        ANA    A              ; White ?
        JRZ    .+3            ; Yes - Skip
        INX    H              ; Addr of black King position
        MOV    A,M            ; Fetch King position
        STA    M3             ; Save
        LIXD   M3             ; Load board index
        MOV    A,BOARD(X)     ; Fetch board contents
        STA    P1             ; Save
        ANI    7              ; Get piece type
        STA    T1             ; Save
        CALL   ATTACK         ; Look for attackers on King
        RET                   ; Return

```



```

*****
; ATTACK ROUTINE
; *****
; FUNCTION:  -- To find all attackers on a given square
;              by scanning outward from the square
;              until a piece is found that attacks
;              that square, or a piece is found that
;              doesn't attack that square, or the edge
;              of the board is reached.
;
;              In determining which pieces attack
;              a square, this routine also takes into
;              account the ability of certain pieces to
;              attack through another attacking piece. (For
;              example a queen lined up behind a bishop
;              of her same color along a diagonal.) The
;              bishop is then said to be transparent to the
;              queen, since both participate in the
;              attack.
;
;              In the case where this routine is called
;              by CASTLE or INCHK, the routine is
;              terminated as soon as an attacker of the
;              opposite color is encountered.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- POINTS
;              PINFND
;              CASTLE
;              INCHK
;
; CALLS:      -- PATH
;              ATKSAV
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
; *****
ATTACK: PUSH    B                ; Save Register B
        XRA     A                ; Clear
        MVI     B,16             ; Initial direction count
        STA     INDX2            ; Initial direction index
        LIYD    INDX2            ; Load index
AT5:     MOV     C,DIRECT(Y)      ; Get direction
        MVI     D,0              ; Init. scan count/flags
        LDA     M3                ; Init. board start position
        STA     M2                ; Save
AT10:    INR     D                ; Increment scan count
        CALL    PATH              ; Next position
        CPI     1                 ; Piece of a opposite color ?
        JRZ     AT14A             ; Yes - jump
        CPI     2                 ; Piece of same color ?
        JRZ     AT14B             ; Yes - jump

```

```

ANA      A                ; Empty position ?
JRNZ     AT12             ; No - jump
MOV      A,B              ; Fetch direction count
CPI      9                ; On knight scan ?
JRNZ     AT10             ; No - jump
AT12:    INX              Y ; Increment direction index
DJNZ     AT5              ; Done ? No - jump
XRA      A                ; No attackers
AT13:    POP              B ; Restore register B
RET                               ; Return
AT14A:    BIT              6,D ; Same color found already ?
JRNZ     AT12             ; Yes - jump
SET      5,D              ; Set opposite color found flag
JMP      AT14             ; Jump
AT14B:    BIT              5,D ; Opposite color found already ?
JRNZ     AT12             ; Yes - jump
SET      6,D              ; Set same color found flag
;
; ***** DETERMINE IF PIECE ENCOUNTERED ATTACKS SQUARE *****
AT14:    LDA              T2 ; Fetch piece type encountered
MOV      E,A              ; Save
MOV      A,B              ; Get direction counter
CPI      9                ; Look for Knights ?
JRC      AT25             ; Yes - jump
MOV      A,E              ; Get piece type
CPI      QUEEN            ; Is it a Queen ?
JRNZ     AT15             ; No - Jump
SET      7,D              ; Set Queen found flag
JMPR     AT30             ; Jump
AT15:    MOV              A,D ; Get flag/scan count
ANI      0FH              ; Isolate count
CPI      1                ; On first position ?
JRNZ     AT16             ; No - jump
MOV      A,E              ; Get encountered piece type
CPI      KING             ; Is it a King ?
JRZ      AT30             ; Yes - jump
AT16:    MOV              A,B ; Get direction counter
CPI      13               ; Scanning files or ranks ?
JRC      AT21             ; Yes - jump
MOV      A,E              ; Get piece type
CPI      BISHOP           ; Is it a Bishop ?
JRZ      AT30             ; Yes - jump
MOV      A,D              ; Get flags/scan count
ANI      0FH              ; Isolate count
CPI      1                ; On first position ?
JRNZ     AT12             ; No - jump
CMP      E                ; Is it a Pawn ?
JRNZ     AT12             ; No - jump
LDA      P2               ; Fetch piece including color

```

	BIT	7,A	; Is it white ?
	JRZ	AT20	; Yes - jump
	MOV	A,B	; Get direction counter
	CPI	15	; On a non-attacking diagonal ?
	JRC	AT12	; Yes - jump
	JMPR	AT30	; Jump
AT20:	MOV	A,B	; Get direction counter
	CPI	15	; On a non-attacking diagonal ?
	JRNC	AT12	; Yes - jump
	JMPR	AT30	; Jump
AT21:	MOV	A,E	; Get piece type
	CPI	ROOK	; Is is a Rook ?
	JRNZ	AT12	; No - jump
	JMPR	AT30	; Jump
AT25:	MOV	A,E	; Get piece type
	CPI	KNIGHT	; Is it a Knight ?
	JRNZ	AT12	; No - jump
AT30:	LDA	T1	; Attacked piece type/flag
	CPI	7	; Call from POINTS ?
	JRZ	AT31	; Yes - jump
	BIT	5,D	; Is attacker opposite color ?
	JRZ	AT32	; No - jump
	MVI	A,1	; Set attacker found flag
	JMP	AT13	; Jump
AT31:	CALL	ATKSAV	; Save attacker in attack list
AT32:	LDA	T2	; Attacking piece type
	CPI	KING	; Is it a King ?
	JZ	AT12	; Yes - jump
	CPI	KNIGHT	; Is it a Knight ?
	JZ	AT12	; Yes - jump
	JMP	AT10	; Jump

```

;*****
; ATTACK SAVE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  To save an attacking piece value in the
;                attack list, and to increment the attack
;                count for that color piece.
;
;                The pin piece list is checked for the
;                attacking piece, and if found there, the
;                piece is not included in the attack list.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  ATTACK
;
; CALLS:      --  PNCK
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;*****
ATKSAV: PUSH      B           ; Save Regs BC
        PUSH      D           ; Save Regs DE
        LDA       NPINS       ; Number of pinned pieces
        ANA       A           ; Any ?
        CNZ       PNCK        ; Yes - check pin list
        LIXD      T2          ; Init index to value table
        LXI       H,ATKLST    ; Init address of attack list
        LXI       B,0         ; Init increment for white
        LDA       P2          ; Attacking piece
        BIT       7,A         ; Is it white ?
        JRZ       .+4         ; Yes - jump
        MVI       C,7         ; Init increment for black
        ANI       7          ; Attacking piece type
        MOV       E,A         ; Init increment for type
        BIT       7,D         ; Queen found this scan ?
        JRZ       .+4         ; No - jump
        MVI       E,QUEEN     ; Use Queen slot in attack list
        DAD       B           ; Attack list address
        INR       M           ; Increment list count
        MVI       D,0
        DAD       D           ; Attack list slot address
        MOV       A,M         ; Get data already there
        ANI       0FH         ; Is first slot empty ?
        JRZ       AS20       ; Yes - jump
        MOV       A,M         ; Get data again
        ANI       0F0H        ; Is second slot empty ?
        JRZ       AS19       ; Yes - jump
        INX       H           ; Increment to King slot
        JMPR      AS20        ; Jump
AS19:   RLD              ; Temp save lower in upper
        MOV       A,PVALUE(X) ; Get new value for attack list
        RRD              ; Put in 2nd attack list slot
        JMPR      AS25        ; Jump
AS20:   MOV       A,PVALUE(X) ; Get new value for attack list
        RLD              ; Put in 1st attack list slot

```

```

L25:  POP      D           ; Restore DE regs
      POP      B           ; Restore BC regs
      RET                ; Return

```

```

*****
: PIN CHECK ROUTINE
: *****
: FUNCTION:  -- Checks to see if the attacker is in the
:               pinned piece list.  If so he is not a valid
:               attacker unless the direction in which he
:               attacks in the same as the direction along
:               which he is pinned.  If the piece is
:               found to be invalid as an attacker, the
:               return to the calling routine is aborted
:               and this routine returns directly to ATTACK.
:
: CALLED BY:  -- ATKSAV
:
: CALLS:      -- None
:
: ARGUMENTS:  -- The direction of the attack.
:               The pinned piece count.
: *****
: %CK:  MOV     D,C           ; Save attack direction
:       MVI     E,0           ; Clear flag
:       MOV     C,A           ; Load pin count for search
:       MVI     B,0
:       LDA     M2            ; Position of piece
:       LXI     H,PLISTA      ; Pin list address
: PC1:  CCIR      ; Search list for position
:       RNZ      ; Return if not found
:       EXAF      ; Save search parameters
:       BIT      0,E           ; Is this the first find ?
:       JRNZ     PC5           ; No - jump
:       SET      0,E           ; Set first find flag
:       PUSH     H             ; Get corresp index to dir list
:       POP      X
:       MOV     A,9(X)         ; Get direction
:       CMP      D             ; Same as attacking direction ?
:       JRZ      PC3           ; Yes - jump
:       NEG      ; Opposite direction ?
:       CMP      D             ; Same as attacking direction ?
:       JRNZ     PC5           ; No - jump
: %3:  EXAF      ; Restore search parameters
:       JPE      PC1           ; Jump if search not complete
:       RET                ; Return
: %4:  POP      PSW           ; Abnormal exit
:       POP      D             ; Restore regs.
:       POP      B
:       RET                ; Return to ATTACK

```

```

;*****
; PIN FIND ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  To produce a list of all pieces pinned
;                against the King or Queen, for both white
;                and black.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  FNDMOV
;                EVAL
;
; CALLS:      --  PATH
;                ATTACK
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;*****
PINFND: XRA      A                ; Zero pin count
        STA      NPINS
        LXI      D, POSK         ; Addr of King/Queen pos list
PF1:    LDAX     D                ; Get position of royal piece
        ANA      A                ; Is it on board ?
        JZ       PF26           ; No - jump
        CPI      -1             ; At end of list ?
        RZ                      ; Yes return
        STA      M3             ; Save position as board index
        LIXD     M3             ; Load index to board
        MOV      A, BOARD(X)    ; Get contents of board
        STA      P1             ; Save
        MVI      B, 8           ; Init scan direction count
        XRA      A
        STA      INDX2          ; Init direction index
        LIYD     INDX2
PF2:    LDA      M3             ; Get King/Queen position
        STA      M2             ; Save
        XRA      A
        STA      M4             ; Clear pinned piece saved ?
        MOV      C, DIRECT(Y)   ; Get direction of scan
PF5:    CALL     PATH           ; Compute next position
        ANA      A                ; Is it empty ?
        JRZ     PF5             ; Yes - jump
        CPI      3              ; Off board ?
        JZ      PF25           ; Yes - jump
        CPI      2              ; Piece of same color found
        LDA      M4             ; Load pinned piece position
        JRZ     PF15           ; Yes - jump
        ANA      A                ; Possible pin ?
        JZ      PF25           ; No - jump
        LDA      T2             ; Piece type encountered
        CPI      QUEEN          ; Queen ?
        JZ      PF19           ; Yes - jump
        MOV     L, A            ; Save piece type

```

	MOV	A,B	; Direction counter
	CPI	5	; Non-diagonal direction ?
	JRC	PF10	; Yes - jump
	MOV	A,L	; Piece type
	CPI	BISHOP	; Bishop ?
	JNZ	PF25	; No - jump
	JMP	PF20	; Jump
1118:	MOV	A,L	; Piece type
	CPI	ROOK	; Rook ?
	JNZ	PF25	; No - jump
	JMP	PF20	; Jump
1115:	ANA	A	; Possible pin ?
	JNZ	PF25	; No - jump
	LDA	M2	; Save possible pin position
	STA	M4	
	JMP	PF5	; Jump
1119:	LDA	P1	; Load King or Queen
	ANI	7	; Clear flags
	CPI	QUEEN	; Queen ?
	JRNZ	PF20	; No - jump
	PUSH	B	; Save regs.
	PUSH	D	
	PUSH	Y	
	XRA	A	; Zero out attack list
	MVI	B,14	
	LXI	H,ATKLST	
	MOV	M,A	
	INX	H	
	DJNZ	.-2	
	MVI	A,7	; Set attack flag
	STA	T1	
	CALL	ATTACK	; Find attackers/defenders
	LXI	H,WACT	; White queen attackers
	LXI	D,BACT	; Black queen attackers
	LDA	P1	; Get queen
	BIT	7,A	; Is she white ?
	JRZ	+.3	; Yes - skip
	XCHG		; Reverse for black
	MOV	A,M	; Number of defenders
	XCHG		; Reverse for attackers
	SUB	M	; Defenders minus attackers
	DCR	A	; Less 1
	POP	Y	; Restore regs.
	POP	D	
	POP	B	
	JP	PF25	; Jump if pin not valid
1120:	LXI	H,NPINS	; Address of pinned piece count
	INR	M	; Increment
	LIXD	NPINS	; Load pin list index
	MOV	PLISTD(X),C	; Save direction of pin

	LDA	M4	; Position of pinned piece
	MOV	PLIST(X),A	; Save in list
PF25:	INX	Y	; Increment direction index
	DJNZ	PF27	; Done ? No - Jump
PF26:	INX	D	; Incr King/Queen pos index
	JMP	PF1	; Jump
PF27:	JMP	PF2	; Jump


```

*****
: EXCHANGE ROUTINE
: *****
: FUNCTION:  -- To determine the exchange value of a
:             piece on a given square by examining all
:             attackers and defenders of that piece.
:
: CALLED BY:  -- POINTS
:
: CALLS:      -- NEXTAD
:
: ARGUMENTS:  -- None.
: *****
LCHNG:  EXX                ; Swap regs.
        LDA      P1        ; Piece attacked
        LXI      H,WACT    ; Addr of white attkrs/dfndrs
        LXI      D,BACT    ; Addr of black attkrs/dfndrs
        BIT      7,A       ; Is piece white ?
        JRZ      .+3       ; Yes - jump
        XCHG     ; Swap list pointers
        MOV      B,M       ; Init list counts
        XCHG
        MOV      C,M
        XCHG
        EXX                ; Restore regs.
        MVI      C,0       ; Init attacker/defender flag
        MVI      E,0       ; Init points lost count
        LIXD     T3        ; Load piece value index
        MOV      D,PVALUE(X) ; Get attacked piece value
        SLAR     D         ; Double it
        MOV      B,D       ; Save
        CALL     NEXTAD    ; Retrieve first attacker
        RZ                ; Return if none
K10:    MOV      L,A        ; Save attacker value
        CALL     NEXTAD    ; Get next defender
        JRZ      XC18      ; Jump if none
        EXAF     ; Save defender value
        MOV      A,B       ; Get attacked value
        CMP      L         ; Attacked less than attacker ?
        JRNC     XC19      ; No - jump
        EXAF     ; Restore defender
K15:    CMP      L         ; Defender less than attacker ?
        RC                ; Yes - return
        CALL     NEXTAD    ; Retrieve next attacker value
        RZ                ; Return if none
        MOV      L,A        ; Save attacker value
        CALL     NEXTAD    ; Retrieve next defender value
        JRNZ     XC15      ; Jump if none
K18:    EXAF     ; Save Defender
        MOV      A,B       ; Get value of attacked piece

```

```

XC19:  BIT      0,C           ; Attacker or defender ?
        JRZ      .+4         ; Jump if defender
        NEG      E           ; Negate value for attacker
        ADD      E         ; Total points lost
        MOV      E,A         ; Save total
        EXAF     ; Restore previous defender
        RZ       ; Return if none
        MOV      B,L         ; Prev attckr becomes defender
        JMP      XC10        ; Jump

```

```

;*****
; NEXT ATTACKER/DEFENDER ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To retrieve the next attacker or defender
;              piece value from the attack list, and delete
;              that piece from the list.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- XCHNG
;
; CALLS:     -- None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Attack list addresses.
;              Side flag
;              Attack list counts
;*****

```

```

NEXTAD: INR      C           ; Increment side flag
        EXX      ; Swap registers
        MOV      A,B         ; Swap list counts
        MOV      B,C
        MOV      C,A
        XCHG     ; Swap list pointers
        XRA      A
        CMP      B           ; At end of list ?
        JRZ      NX6         ; Yes - jump
        DCR      B           ; Decrement list count
        INX      H           ; Increment list pointer
        CMP      M           ; Check next item in list
        JRZ      .-2         ; Jump if empty
        RRD      ; Get value from list
        ADD      A           ; Double it
        DCX      H           ; Decrement list pointer
NX6:    EXX      ; Restore regs.
        RET      ; Return

```

```

*****
: POINT EVALUATION ROUTINE
: *****
: FUNCTION:  -- To perform a static board evaluation and
:             derive a score for a given board position
:
: CALLED BY:  -- FNDMOV
:             EVAL
:
: CALLS:      -- ATTACK
:             XCHNG
:             LIMIT
:
: ARGUMENTS:  -- None
: *****
POINTS: XRA      A                ; Zero out variables
        STA      MTRL
        STA      BRDC
        STA      PTSL
        STA      PTSW1
        STA      PTSW2
        STA      PTSCK
        LXI      H,T1            ; Set attacker flag
        MVI      M,7
        MVI      A,21            ; Init to first square on board
r5:     STA      M3                ; Save as board index
        LIXD     M3                ; Load board index
        MOV      A,BOARD(X)       ; Get piece from board
        CPI      -1               ; Off board edge ?
        JZ       PT25             ; Yes - jump
        LXI      H,P1            ; Save piece, if any
        MOV      M,A
        ANI      7                ; Save piece type, if any
        STA      T3
        CPI      KNIGHT           ; Less than a Knight (Pawn) ?
        JRC      PT6X             ; Yes - Jump
        CPI      ROOK             ; Rook, Queen or King ?
        JRC      PT6B             ; No - jump
        CPI      KING             ; Is it a King ?
        JRZ      PT6AA            ; Yes - jump
        LDA      MOVENO           ; Get move number
        CPI      7                ; Less than 7 ?
        JRC      PT6A             ; Yes - Jump
        JMP      PT6X             ; Jump
64AA:   BIT      4,M              ; Castled yet ?
        JRZ      PT6A             ; No - jump
        MVI      A,+6            ; Bonus for castling
        BIT      7,M              ; Check piece color
        JRZ      PT6D             ; Jump if white
        MVI      A,-6            ; Bonus for black castling

```

	JMP	PT6D	; Jump
PT6A:	BIT	3,M	; Has piece moved yet ?
	JRZ	PT6X	; No - jump
	JMP	PT6C	; Jump
PT6B:	BIT	3,M	; Has piece moved yet ?
	JRNZ	PT6X	; Yes - jump
PT6C:	MVI	A,-2	; Two point penalty for white
	BIT	7,M	; Check piece color
	JRZ	.+4	; Jump if white
	MVI	A,+2	; Two point penalty for black
PT6D:	LXI	H,BRDC	; Get address of board control
	ADD	M	; Add on penalty/bonus points
	MOV	M,A	; Save
PT6X:	XRA	A	; Zero out attack list
	MVI	B,14	
	LXI	H,ATKLIST	
	MOV	M,A	
	INX	H	
	DJNZ	.-2	
	CALL	ATTACK	; Build attack list for square
	LXI	H,BACT	; Get black attacker count
	LDA	WACT	; Get white attacker count
	SUB	M	; Compute count difference
	LXI	H,BRDC	; Address of board control
	ADD	M	; Accum board control score
	MOV	M,A	; Save
	LDA	P1	; Get piece on current square
	ANA	A	; Is it empty ?
	JZ	PT25	; Yes - jump
	CALL	XCHNG	; Evaluate exchange, if any
	XRA	A	; Check for a loss
	CMP	E	; Points lost ?
	JRZ	PT23	; No - Jump
	DCR	D	; Deduct half a Pawn value
	LDA	P1	; Get piece under attack
	LXI	H,COLOR	; Color of side just moved
	XRA	M	; Compare with piece
	BIT	7,A	; Do colors match ?
	MOV	A,E	; Points lost
	JRNZ	PT20	; Jump if no match
	LXI	H,PTSL	; Previous max points lost
	CMP	M	; Compare to current value
	JRC	PT23	; Jump if greater than
	MOV	M,E	; Store new value as max lost
	LIXD	MLPTRJ	; Load pointer to this move
	LDA	M3	; Get position of lost piece
	CMP	MLTOP(X)	; Is it the one moving ?
	JRNZ	PT23	; No - jump
	STA	PTSCK	; Save position as a flag
	JMP	PT23	; Jump

PT20:	LXI	H,PTSW1	; Previous maximum points won
	CMP	M	; Compare to current value
	JRC	.+4	; Jump if greater than
	MOV	A,M	; Load previous max value
	MOV	M,E	; Store new value as max won
	LXI	H,PTSW2	; Previous 2nd max points won
	CMP	M	; Compare to current value
	JRC	PT23	; Jump if greater than
	MOV	M,A	; Store as new 2nd max lost
PT23:	LXI	H,P1	; Get piece
	BIT	7,M	; Test color
	MOV	A,D	; Value of piece
	JRZ	.+4	; Jump if white
	NEG		; Negate for black
	LXI	H,MTRL	; Get addr of material total
	ADD	M	; Add new value
	MOV	M,A	; Store
PT25:	LDA	M3	; Get current board position
	INR	A	; Increment
	CPI	99	; At end of board ?
	JNZ	PT5	; No - jump
	LDA	PTSCK	; Moving piece lost flag
	ANA	A	; Was it lost ?
	JRZ	PT25A	; No - jump
	LDA	PTSW2	; 2nd max points won
	STA	PTSW1	; Store as max points won
	XRA	A	; Zero out 2nd max points won
	STA	PTSW2	
PT25A:	LDA	PTSL	; Get max points lost
	ANA	A	; Is it zero ?
	JRZ	.+3	; Yes - jump
	DCR	A	; Decrement it
	MOV	B,A	; Save it
	LDA	PTSW1	; Max points won
	ANA	A	; Is it zero ?
	JRZ	.+11	; Yes - jump
	LDA	PTSW2	; 2nd max points won
	ANA	A	; Is it zero ?
	JRZ	.+5	; Yes - jump
	DCR	A	; Decrement it
	SRLR	A	; Divide it by 2
	SUB	B	; Subtract points lost
	LXI	4,COLOR	; Color of side just moved
	BIT	7,M	; Is it white ?
	JRZ	.+4	; Yes - jump
	NEG		; Negate for black
	LXI	H,MTRL	; Net material on board
	ADD	M	; Add exchange adjustments
	LXI	H,MV0	; Material at ply 0

SUB	M	; Subtract from current
MOV	B,A	; Save
MVI	A,30	; Load material limit
CALL	LIMIT	; Limit to plus or minus value
MOV	E,A	; Save limited value
LDA	BRDC	; Get board control points
LXI	H,BC0	; Board control at ply zero
SUB	M	; Get difference
MOV	B,A	; Save
LDA	PTSCK	; Moving piece lost flag
ANA	A	; Is it zero ?
JRZ	.+4	; Yes - jump
MVI	B,0	; Zero board control points
MVI	A,6	; Load board control limit
CALL	LIMIT	; Limit to plus or minus value
MOV	D,A	; Save limited value
MOV	A,E	; Get material points
ADD	A	; Multiply by 4
ADD	A	
ADD	D	; Add board control
LXI	H,COLOR	; Color of side just moved
BIT	7,M	; Is it white ?
JRNZ	.+4	; No - jump
NEG		; Negate for white
ADI	80H	; Rescale score (neutral = 80)
STA	VALM	; Save score
LIXD	MLPTRJ	; Load move list pointer
MOV	MLVAL(X),A	; Save score in move list
RET		; Return

```

;*****
; LIMIT ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To limit the magnitude of a given value
;             to another given value.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- POINTS
;
; CALLS:      -- None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Input  - Value to be limited in the B
;                   register.
;                   - Value to limit to in the A register.
;                   Output - Limited value in the A register.
;*****
LIMIT:  BIT      7,B           ; Is value negative ?
        JZ       LIM10        ; No - jump
        NEG      B            ; Make positive
        CMP      B            ; Compare to limit
        RNC      B            ; Return if outside limit
        MOV      A,B          ; Output value as is
        RET                      ; Return
LIM10:  CMP      B            ; Compare to limit
        RC       B            ; Return if outside limit
        MOV      A,B          ; Output value as is
        RET                      ; Return
        .END

```

```

;*****
; MOVE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To execute a move from the move list on the
;              board array.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- CPTRMV
;              PLYRMV
;              EVAL
;              FNDMOV
;              VALMOV
;
; CALLS:      -- None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
MOVE:  LHL  MLPTRJ      ; Load move list pointer
      INX  H            ; Increment past link bytes
      INX  H
MV1:   MOV  A,M          ; "From" position
      STA  M1           ; Save
      INX  H            ; Increment pointer
      MOV  A,M          ; "To" position
      STA  M2           ; Save
      INX  H            ; Increment pointer
      MOV  D,M          ; Get captured piece/flags
      LIXD M1           ; Load "from" pos board index
      MOV  E,BOARD(X)   ; Get piece moved
      BIT  5,D          ; Test Pawn promotion flag
      JRNZ MV15         ; Jump if set
      MOV  A,E          ; Piece moved
      ANI  7            ; Clear flag bits
      CPI  QUEEN        ; Is it a queen ?
      JRZ  MV20         ; Yes - jump
      CPI  KING         ; Is it a king ?
      JRZ  MV30         ; Yes - jump
MV5:   LIYD M2           ; Load "to" pos board index
      SET  3,E          ; Set piece moved flag
      MOV  BOARD(Y),E   ; Insert piece at new position
      MVI  BOARD(X),0   ; Empty previous position
      BIT  6,D          ; Double move ?
      JRNZ MV40         ; Yes - jump
      MOV  A,D          ; Get captured piece, if any
      ANI  7
      CPI  QUEEN        ; Was it a queen ?
      RNZ                ; No - return
      LXI  H,POSQ       ; Addr of saved Queen position
      BIT  7,D          ; Is Queen white ?
      JRZ  MV10         ; Yes - jump
      INX  H            ; Increment to black Queen pos

```


rv10:	XRA	A	; Set saved position to zero
	MOV	M,A	
	RET		; Return
rv15:	SET	2,E	; Change Pawn to a Queen
	JMP	MV5	; Jump
rv20:	LXI	H,POSQ	; Addr of saved Queen position
rv21:	BIT	7,E	; Is Queen white ?
	JRZ	MV22	; Yes - jump
	INX	H	; Increment to black Queen pos
rv22:	LDA	M2	; Get new Queen position
	MOV	M,A	; Save
	JMP	MV5	; Jump
rv30:	LXI	H,POSK	; Get saved King position
	BIT	6,D	; Castling ?
	JRZ	MV21	; No - jump
	SET	4,E	; Set King castled flag
	JMP	MV21	; Jump
rv40:	LHLD	MLPTRJ	; Get move list pointer
	LXI	D,8	; Increment to next move
	DAD	D	
	JMP	MV1	; Jump (2nd part of dbl move)

```

;*****
; UN-MOVE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  To reverse the process of the move routine
;               thereby restoring the board array to its
;               previous position.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  VALMOV
;               EVAL
;               FNDMOV
;               ASCEND
;
; CALLS:      --  None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;*****
UNMOVE: LHL D      MLPTRJ      ; Load move list pointer
        INX        H          ; Increment past link bytes
        INX        H
UM1:    MOV        A,M        ; Get "from" position
        STA        M1        ; Save
        INX        H          ; Increment pointer
        MOV        A,M        ; Get "to" position
        STA        M2        ; Save
        INX        H          ; Increment pointer
        MOV        D,M        ; Get captured piece/flags
        LIX D      M2        ; Load "to" pos board index
        MOV        E,BOARD(X) ; Get piece moved
        BIT        5,D        ; Was it a Pawn promotion ?
        JRNZ       UM15      ; Yes - jump
        MOV        A,E        ; Get piece moved
        ANI        7          ; Clear flag bits
        CPI        QUEEN     ; Was it a Queen ?
        JRZ        UM20      ; Yes - jump
        CPI        KING      ; Was it a King ?
        JRZ        UM30      ; Yes - jump
UM5:    BIT        4,D        ; Is this 1st move for piece
        JRNZ       UM16      ; Yes - jump
UM6:    LIY D      M1        ; Load "from" pos board index
        MOV        BOARD(Y),E ; Return to previous board
        MOV        A,D        ; Get captured piece, if any
        ANI        8FH        ; Clear flags
        MOV        BOARD(X),A ; Return to board
        BIT        6,D        ; Was it a double move ?
        JRNZ       UM40      ; Yes - jump
        MOV        A,D        ; Get captured piece, if any
        ANI        7          ; Clear flag bits
        CPI        QUEEN     ; Was it a Queen ?
        RNZ        ; No - return

```

	LXI	H,POSQ	; Address of saved Queen pos
	BIT	7,D	; Is Queen white ?
	JRZ	UM10	; Yes - jump
	INX	H	; Increment to black Queen pos
CM10:	LDA	M2	; Queen's previous position
	MOV	M,A	; Save
	RET		; Return
CM15:	RES	2,E	; Restore Queen to Pawn
	JMP	UM5	; Jump
CM16:	RES	3,E	; Clear piece moved flag
	JMP	UM6	; Jump
CM20:	LXI	H,POSQ	; Addr of saved Queen position
CM21:	BIT	7,E	; Is Queen white ?
	JRZ	UM22	; Yes - jump
	INX	H	; Increment to black Queen pos
CM22:	LDA	M1	; Get previous position
	MOV	M,A	; Save
	JMP	UM5	; Jump
CM30:	LXI	H,POSK	; Address of saved King pos
	BIT	6,D	; Was it a castle ?
	JRZ	UM21	; No - jump
	RES	4,E	; Clear castled flag
	JMP	UM21	; Jump
CM40:	LHLD	MLPTRJ	; Load move list pointer
	LXI	D,8	; Increment to next move
	DAD	D	
	JMP	UM1	; Jump (2nd part of dbl move)

```

;*****
; SORT ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To sort the move list in order of
;              increasing move value scores.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- FNDMOV
;
; CALLS:      -- EVAL
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
SORTM:  LBCD      MLPTRI      ; Move list begin pointer
        LXI      D,0         ; Initialize working pointer
SR5:    MOV      H,B
        MOV      L,C
        MOV      C,M         ; Link to next move
        INX      H
        MOV      B,M
        MOV      M,D         ; Store to link in list
        DCX      H
        MOV      M,E
        XRA      A           ; End of list ?
        CMP      B
        RZ              ; Yes - return
SR10:   SBCD      MLPTRJ      ; Save list pointer
        CALL     EVAL        ; Evaluate move
        LHLD     MLPTRI      ; Beginning of move list
        LBCD     MLPTRJ      ; Restore list pointer
SR15:   MOV      E,M         ; Next move for compare
        INX      H
        MOV      D,M
        XRA      A           ; At end of list ?
        CMP      D
        JRZ      SR25        ; Yes - jump
        PUSH     D           ; Transfer move pointer
        POP      X
        LDA      VALM        ; Get new move value
        CMP      MLVAL(X)    ; Less than list value ?
        JRNC     SR30        ; No - jump
SR25:   MOV      M,B         ; Link new move into list
        DCX      H
        MOV      M,C
        JMP      SR5         ; Jump
SR30:   XCHG      SR5        ; Swap pointers
        JMP      SR15        ; Jump

```

```

;*****
; EVALUATION ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  To evaluate a given move in the move list.
;              It first makes the move on the board, then if
;              the move is legal, it evaluates it, and then
;              restores the board position.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  SORT
;
; CALLS:      --  MOVE
;                  INCHK
;                  PINFND
;                  POINTS
;                  UNMOV
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;*****
EVAL:  CALL  MOVE          ; Make move on the board array
       CALL  INCHK        ; Determine if move is legal
       ANA   A            ; Legal move ?
       JRZ   EV5          ; Yes - jump
       XRA   A            ; Score of zero
       STA   VALM         ; For illegal move
       JMP   EV10         ; Jump
EV5:   CALL  PINFND        ; Compile pinned list
       CALL  POINTS       ; Assign points to move
EV10:  CALL  UNMOVE       ; Restore board array
       RET               ; Return

```

```

;*****
; FIND MOVE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To determine the computer's best move by
;              performing a depth first tree search using
;              the techniques of alpha-beta pruning.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- CPTRMV
;
; CALLS:      -- PINFND
;              POINTS
;              GENMOV
;              SORTM
;              ASCEND
;              UNMOV
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
FNDMOV: LDA    MOVENO          ; Currnet move number
        CPI    1              ; First move ?
        CZ     BOOK           ; Yes - execute book opening
        XRA    A              ; Initialize ply number to 0
        STA    NPLY
        LXI    H,0            ; Initialize best move to 0
        SHLD   BESTM
        LXI    H,MLIST        ; Initialize ply list pointer
        SHLD   MLNXT
        LXI    H,PLYIX-2
        SHLD   MLPTRI
        LDA    KOLOR          ; Initialize color
        STA    COLOR
        LXI    H,SCORE        ; Initialize score index
        SHLD   SCRIX
        LDA    PLYMAX         ; Get max ply number
        ADI    2              ; Add 2
        MOV    B,A            ; Save as counter
        XRA    A              ; Zero out score table
        MOV    M,A
        INX    H
        DJNZ   .-2
        STA    BC0            ; Zero ply 0 board control
        STA    MV0            ; Zero ply 0 material
        CALL   PINFND         ; Compie pin list
        CALL   POINTS        ; Evaluate board at ply 0
        LDA    BRDC           ; Get board control points
        STA    BC0            ; Save
        LDA    MTRL           ; Get material count
        STA    MV0            ; Save
FM5:    LXI    H,NPLY         ; Address of ply counter
        INR    M              ; Increment ply count

```

	XRA	A	; Initialize mate flag
	STA	MATEF	
	CALL	GENMOV	; Generate list of moves
	LDA	NPLY	; Current ply counter
	LXI	H,PLYMAX	; Address of maximum ply number
	CMP	M	; At max ply ?
	CC	SORTM	; No - call sort
	LHLD	MLPTRI	; Load ply index pointer
	SHLD	MLPTRJ	; Save as last move pointer
FM15:	LHLD	MLPTRJ	; Load last move pointer
	MOV	E,M	; Get next move pointer
	INX	H	
	MOV	D,M	
	MOV	A,D	
	ANA	A	; End of move list ?
	JRZ	FM25	; Yes - jump
	SDED	MLPTRJ	; Save current move pointer
	LHLD	MLPTRI	; Save in ply pointer list
	MOV	M,E	
	INX	H	
	MOV	M,D	
	LDA	NPLY	; Current ply counter
	LXI	H,PLYMAX	; Maximum ply number ?
	CMP	M	; Compare
	JRC	FM18	; Jump if not max
	CALL	MOVE	; Execute move on board array
	CALL	INCHK	; Check for legal move
	ANA	A	; Is move legal ?
	JRZ	..+8	; Yes - jump
	CALL	UNMOVE	; Restore board position
	JMP	FM15	; Jump
	LDA	NPLY	; Get ply counter
	LXI	H,PLYMAX	; Max ply number
	CMP	M	; Beyond max ply ?
	JRNZ	FM35	; Yes - jump
	LDA	COLOR	; Get current color
	XRI	80H	; Get opposite color
	CALL	INCHK1	; Determine if King is in check
	ANA	A	; In check ?
	JRZ	FM35	; No - jump
	JMP	FM19	; Jump (One more ply for check)
FM18:	LIXD	MLPTRJ	; Load move pointer
	MOV	A,MLVAL(X)	; Get move score
	ANA	A	; Is it zero (illegal move) ?
	JRZ	FM15	; Yes - jump
	CALL	MOVE	; Execute move on board array
FM19:	LXI	H,COLOR	; Toggle color
	MVI	A,80H	
	XRA	M	
	MOV	M,A	; Save new color

	BIT	7,A	; Is it white ?
	JRNZ	.+6	; No - jump
	LXI	H,MOVENO	; Increment move number
	INR	M	
	LHLD	SCRIX	; Load score table pointer
	MOV	A,M	; Get score two plys above
	INX	H	; Increment to current ply
	INX	H	
	MOV	M,A	; Save score as initial value
	DCX	H	; Decrement pointer
	SHLD	SCRIX	; Save it
	JMP	FM5	; Jump
FM25:	LDA	MATEF	; Get mate flag
	ANA	A	; Checkmate or stalemate ?
	JRNZ	FM30	; No - jump
	LDA	CKFLG	; Get check flag
	ANA	A	; Was King in check ?
	MVI	A,80H	; Pre-set stalemate score
	JRZ	FM36	; No - jump (stalemate)
	LDA	MOVENO	; Get move number
	STA	PMATE	; Save
	MVI	A,0FFH	; Pre-set checkmate score
	JMP	FM36	; Jump
FM30:	LDA	NPLY	; Get ply counter
	CPI	1	; At top of tree ?
	RZ		; Yes - return
	CALL	ASCEND	; Ascend one ply in tree
	LHLD	SCRIX	; Load score table pointer
	INX	H	; Increment to current ply
	INX	H	
	MOV	A,M	; Get score
	DCX	H	; Restore pointer
	DCX	H	
	JMP	FM37	; Jump
FM35:	CALL	PINFND	; Compile pin list
	CALL	POINTS	; Evaluate move
	CALL	UNMOVE	; Restore board position
	LDA	VALM	; Get value of move
FM36:	LXI	H,MATEF	; Set mate flag
	SET	0,M	
	LHLD	SCRIX	; Load score table pointer
FM37:	CMP	M	; Compare to score 2 ply at
	JRC	FM40	; Jump if less
	JRZ	FM40	; Jump if equal
	NEG		; Negate score
	INX	H	; Incr score table pointer
	CMP	M	; Compare to score 1 ply at
	JC	FM15	; Jump if less than
	JZ	FM15	; Jump if equal

	MOV	M,A	; Save as new score 1 ply above
	LDA	NPLY	; Get current ply counter
	CPI	1	; At top of tree ?
	JNZ	FM15	; No - jump
	LHLD	MLPTRJ	; Load current move pointer
	SHLD	BESTM	; Save as best move pointer
	LDA	SCORE+1	; Get best move score
	CPI	0FFH	; Was it a checkmate ?
	JNZ	FM15	; No - jump
	LXI	H,PLYMAX	; Get maximum ply number
	DCR	M	; Subtract 2
	DCR	M	
	LDA	KOLOR	; Get computer's color
	BIT	7,A	; Is it white ?
	RZ		; Yes - return
	LXI	H,PMATE	; Checkmate move number
	DCR	M	; Decrement
	RET		; Return
FM40:	CALL	ASCEND	; Ascend one ply in tree
	JMP	FM15	; Jump

```

;*****
; ASCEND TREE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To adjust all necessary parameters to
;              ascend one ply in the tree.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- FNDMOV
;
; CALLS:      -- UNMOV
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
ASCEND: LXI      H,COLOR          ; Toggle color
        MVI      A,80H
        XRA      M
        MOV      M,A             ; Save new color
        BIT      7,A             ; Is it white ?
        JRZ      .+6             ; Yes - jump
        LXI      H,MOVENO        ; Decrement move number
        DCR      M
        LHLD     SCRIX           ; Load score table index
        DCX      H              ; Decrement
        SHLD     SCRIX           ; Save
        LXI      H,NPLY          ; Decrement ply counter
        DCR      M
        LHLD     MLPTRI          ; Load ply list pointer
        DCX      H              ; Load pointer to move list top
        MOV      D,M
        DCX      H
        MOV      E,M
        SPED     MLNXT           ; Update move list avail ptr
        DCX      H              ; Get ptr to next move to undo
        MOV      D,M
        DCX      H
        MOV      E,M
        SHLD     MLPTRI          ; Save new ply list pointer
        SDED     MLPTRJ          ; Save next move pointer
        CALL     UNMOVE          ; Restore board to previous ply
        RET                    ; Return

```

```

;*****
; ONE MOVE BOOK OPENING
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To provide an opening book of a single
;             move.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- FNDMOV
;
; CALLS:      -- None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
BOOK:  POP      PSW      ; Abort return to FNDMOV
      LXI      H,SCORE+1 ; Zero out score
      MVI      M,0       ; Zero out score table
      LXI      H,BMOVES-2 ; Init best move ptr to book
      SHLD     BESTM
      LXI      H,BESTM    ; Initialize address of pointer
      LDA      KOLOR      ; Get computer's color
      ANA      A          ; Is it white ?
      JRNZ     BM5        ; No - jump
      LDAR     ; Load refresh reg (random no)
      BIT      0,A        ; Test random bit
      RZ           ; Return if zero (P-K4)
      INR      M          ; P-Q4
      INR      M
      INR      M
      RET         ; Return
BM5:   INR      M          ; Increment to black moves
      INR      M
      INR      M
      INR      M
      INR      M
      INR      M
      LIXD     MLPTRJ     ; Pointer to opponents 1st move
      MOV      A,MLFRP(X) ; Get "from" position
      CPI      22         ; Is it a Queen Knight move ?
      JRZ      BM9        ; Yes - Jump
      CPI      27         ; Is it a King Knight move ?
      JRZ      BM9        ; Yes - jump
      CPI      34         ; Is it a Queen Pawn ?
      JRZ      BM9        ; Yes - jump
      RC         ; If Queen side Pawn opening -
                  ; return (P-K4)
      CPI      35         ; Is it a King Pawn ?
      RZ         ; Yes - return (P-K4)
BM9:   INR      M          ; (P-Q4)
      INR      M
      INR      M
      RET         ; Return to CPTRMV

```

```

;*****

```

```

;*****
; GRAPHICS DATA BASE
;*****
; DESCRIPTION: The Graphics Data Base contains the
;               necessary stored data to produce the piece
;               on the board. Only the center 4 x 4 blocks are
;               stored and only for a Black Piece on a White
;               square. A White piece on a black square is
;               produced by complementing each block, and a
;               piece on its own color square is produced
;               by moving in a kernel of 6 blocks.
;*****
      .LOC      START+384
BLBASE  =       START+512
BLOCK   =       .-BLBASE
      .RADIX    16
      .BYTE     80,80,80,80           ; Black Pawn on White square
      .BYTE     80,0A0,90,80
      .BYTE     80,0AF,9F,80
      .BYTE     80,83,83,80
      .BYTE     80,0B0,0B0,80         ; Black Knight on White square
      .BYTE     0BE,0BF,0BF,95
      .BYTE     0A0,0BE,0BF,85
      .BYTE     83,83,83,81
      .BYTE     80,0A0,80,80         ; Black Bishop on White square
      .BYTE     0A8,0BF,0BD,80
      .BYTE     82,0AF,87,80
      .BYTE     82,83,83,80
      .BYTE     80,80,80,80         ; Black Rook on White square
      .BYTE     8A,0BE,0BD,85
      .BYTE     80,0BF,0BF,80
      .BYTE     82,83,83,81
      .BYTE     90,80,80,90         ; Black Queen on White square
      .BYTE     0BF,0B4,0BE,95
      .BYTE     8B,0BF,9F,81
      .BYTE     83,83,83,81
      .BYTE     80,0B8,90,80         ; Black King on White square
      .BYTE     0BC,0BA,0B8,94
      .BYTE     0AF,0BF,0BF,85
      .BYTE     83,83,83,81
      .BYTE     90,0B0,0B0,80       ; Toppled Black King
      .BYTE     0BF,0BF,0B7,80
      .BYTE     9F,0BF,0BD,80
      .BYTE     80,80,88,9D
KERNEL  =       .-BLBASE
      .BYTE     0BF,9F,0AF,0BF,9A,0A5 ; Pawn Kernel
      .BYTE     89,0AF,0BF,9F,0B9,9F ; Knight Kernel
      .BYTE     97,0BE,96,0BD,9B,0B9 ; Bishop Kernel
      .BYTE     0B5,0A1,92,0BF,0AA,95 ; Rook Kernel
      .BYTE     0A8,9B,0B9,0B6,0AF,0A7 ; Queen Kernel
      .BYTE     0A3,85,0A7,9A,0BF,9F ; King Kernel
      .BYTE     0A8,0BF,89,0A2,8F,86 ; Toppled King Kernel
      .RADIX    10

```

```

;*****
; STANDARD MESSAGES
;*****
      .LOC      START+1800H
GRTTNG: .ASCII  "WELCOME TO CHESS! CARE FOR A GAME?"
ANAMSG: .ASCII  "WOULD YOU LIKE TO ANALYZE A POSITION?"
CLRMSG: .ASCII  "DO YOU WANT TO PLAY WHITE(w) OR BLACK(b)?"
TITLE1: .ASCII  "SARGON"
TITLE2: .ASCII  "PLAYER"
SPACE:  .ASCII  "          " ; For output of blank area
MVENUM: .ASCII  "01 "
TITLE3: .ASCII  " "
      .ASCII  ["H83]          ; Part of TITLE 3 - Underlines
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  " "
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  ["H83]
      .ASCII  " "
MVEMSG: .ASCII  "al-al"
O.O:    .ASCII  "O-O "
O.O.O:  .ASCII  "O-O-O"
CKMSG:  .ASCII  "CHECK"
MTMSG:  .ASCII  "MATE IN "
MTPL:   .ASCII  "2"
PCS:    .ASCII  "KQRBNP"      ; Valid piece characters
UWIN:   .ASCII  "YOU WIN"
IWIN:   .ASCII  "I WIN"
AGAIN:  .ASCII  "CARE FOR ANOTHER GAME?"
CRTNES: .ASCII  "IS THIS RIGHT?"
PLYDEP: .ASCII  "SELECT LOOK AHEAD (1-6)"
TITLE4: .ASCII  " "
WSMOVE: .ASCII  "WHOSE MOVE IS IT?"
BLANKR: .ASCII  ["H1C]        ; Control-\
P.PEP:  .ASCII  "PxPep"
INVAL1: .ASCII  "INVALID MOVE"
INVAL2: .ASCII  "TRY AGAIN"

```

```

;*****
; VARIABLES
;*****
BRDPOS: .BLKB    1      ; Index into the board array
ANBDPS: .BLKB    1      ; Additional index required for ANALY
INDXER: .WORD    BLBASE ; Index into graphics data base
NORMAD: .BLKW     1      ; The address of the upper left hand
                        ; corner of the square on the board
LINECT: .BYTE     0      ; Current line number

;*****
; MACRO DEFINITIONS
;*****
; All input/output to SARGON is handled in the form of
; macro calls to simplify conversion to alternate systems.
; All of the input/output macros conform to the Jove monitor
; of the Jupiter III computer.
;*****
;*** OUTPUT <CR><LF> ***
        .DEFINE CARRET=
        [RST      7
         .BYTE     92H,1AH
         .WORD      0]
;*** CLEAR SCREEN ***
        .DEFINE CLRSCR=
        [RST      7
         .BYTE     0B2H,1AH
         .WORD     BLANKR,1]
;*** PRINT ANY LINE (NAME, LENGTH) ***
        .DEFINE PRTLIN[NAME,LNGTH]=
        [RST      7
         .BYTE     0B2H,1AH
         .WORD     NAME,LNGTH]
;*** PRINT ANY BLOCK (NAME, LENGTH) ***
        .DEFINE PRTBLK[NAME,LNGTH]=
        [RST      7
         .BYTE     0B3H,1AH
         .WORD     NAME,LNGTH]
;*** EXIT TO MONITOR ***
        .DEFINE EXIT=
        [RST      7
         .BYTE     01FH]

```

```

;*****
; MAIN PROGRAM DRIVER
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To coordinate the game moves.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- None
;
; CALLS:      --  INTERR
;                  INITBD
;                  DSPBRD
;                  CPTRMV
;                  PLYRMV
;                  TBCPCL
;                  PGIFND
;
; MACRO CALLS:  CLRSCR
;                CARRET
;                PRTLIN
;                PRTBLK
;
; ARGUMENTS:    None
;*****
DRIVER:  .LOC      START+1A00H      ; Above the move logic
        LXI       SP,STACK         ; Set stack pointer
        CLRSCR    ; Blank out screen
        PRTLIN    GRTTNG,34        ; Output greeting
DRIV01:  CALL     CHARTR           ; Accept answer
        CARRET    ; New line
        CPI       59H             ; Is it a 'Y' ?
        JNZ      ANALYS          ; Yes - jump
        SUB      A                ; Code of White is zero
        STA      COLOR            ; White always moves first
        CALL     INTERR           ; Players color/search depth
        CALL     INITBD          ; Initialize board array
        MVI      A,1             ; Move number is 1 at at start
        STA      MOVENO          ; Save
        STA      LINECT          ; Line number is one at start
        LXI      H,MVENUM        ; Address of ascii move number
        MVI      M,30H           ; Init to '01 '
        INX      H
        MVI      M,31H
        INX      H
        MVI      M,20H
        CALL     DSPBRD          ; Set up graphics board
        PRTLIN    TITLE4,15      ; Put up player headings
        PRTLIN    TITLE3,15
DRIV04:  PRTBLK   MVENUM,3        ; Display move number
        LDA      KOLOR           ; Bring in computer's color
        ANA      A               ; Is it white ?
        JRNZ     DR08            ; No - jump

```

	CALL	PGIFND	; New page if needed
	CPI	1	; Was page turned ?
	CZ	TBCPCL	; Yes - Tab to computers col
	CALL	CPTRMV	; Make and write computers -
	PRTBLE	SPACE,1	; Output a space
	CALL	PLYRMV	; Accept and make players no.
	CARRET		; New line
	JMPR	DR0C	; Jump
DR08:	CALL	PLYRMV	; Accept and make players no.
	PRTBLE	SPACE,1	; Output a space
	CALL	PGIFND	; New page if needed
	CPI	1	; Was page turned ?
	CZ	TBCPCL	; Yes - Tab to computers col
	CALL	CPTRMV	; Make and write computers -
	CARRET		; New line
DR0C:	LXI	H,MVENUM+2	; Addr of 3rd char of move
	MVI	A,20H	; Ascii space
	CMP	M	; Is char a space ?
	MVI	A,3AH	; Set up test value
	JRZ	DR10	; Yes - jump
	INR	M	; Increment value
	CMP	M	; Over Ascii 9 ?
	JRNZ	DR14	; No - jump
	MVI	M,30H	; Set char to zero
DR10:	DCX	H	; 2nd char of Ascii move no.
	INR	M	; Increment value
	CMP	M	; Over Ascii 9 ?
	JRNZ	DR14	; No - jump
	MVI	M,30H	; Set char to zero
	DCX	H	; 1st char of Ascii move no.
	INR	M	; Increment value
	CMP	M	; Over Ascii 9 ?
	JRNZ	DR14	; No - jump
	MVI	M,31H	; Make 1st char a one
	MVI	A,30H	; Make 3rd char a zero
	STA	MVENUM+2	
DR14:	LXI	H,MOVENO	; Hexadecimal move number
	INR	M	; Increment
	JMP	DRIV04	; Jump


```

;*****
; INTERROGATION FOR PLY & COLOR
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  To query the player for his choice of ply
;              depth and color.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  DRIVER
;
; CALLS:      --  CHARTR
;
; MACRO CALLS:  PRTLIN
;              CARRET
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None

```

```

,*****
INTERR: PRTLIN  CLRMSG,41      ; Request color choice
        CALL    CHARTR      ; Accept response
        CARRET      ; New line
        CPI      57H        ; Did player request white ?
        JRZ      IN04       ; Yes - branch
        SUB      A          ; Set computers color to white
        STA      KOLOR
        LXI      H,TITLE1    ; Prepare move list titles
        LXI      D,TITLE4+2
        LXI      B,6
        LDIR
        LXI      H,TITLE2
        LXI      D,TITLE4+9
        LXI      B,6
        LDIR
        JMPR     IN08        ; Jump
IN04:   MVI      A,80H      ; Set computers color to black
        STA      KOLOR
        LXI      H,TITLE2    ; Prepare move list titles
        LXI      D,TITLE4+2
        LXI      B,6
        LDIR
        LXI      H,TITLE1
        LXI      D,TITLE4+9
        LXI      B,6
        LDIR
IN08:   PRTLIN  PLYDEP,23    ; Request depth of search
        CALL    CHARTR      ; Accept response
        CARRET      ; New line
        LXI      H,PLYMAX    ; Address of ply depth variable
        MVI      M,2         ; Default depth of search
        CPI      31H        ; Under minimum of 1 ?
        RM       ; Yes - return
        CPI      37H        ; Over maximum of 6 ?
        RP       ; Yes - return
        SUI      30H        ; Subtract Ascii constant
        MOV      M,A        ; Set desired depth
        RET      ; Return

```

```

;*****
; COMPUTER MOVE ROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To control the search for the computers move
;              and the display of that move on the board
;              and in the move list.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- DRIVER
;
; CALLS:      -- FNDMOV
;                FCDMAT
;                MOVE
;                EXECMV
;                BITASN
;                INCHK
;
; MACRO CALLS:  PRTBLK
;                CARRET
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
CPTRMV: CALL    FNDMOV          ; Select best move
        LHL    BESTM          ; Move list pointer variable
        SHLD   MLPTRJ         ; Pointer to move data
        LDA    SCORE+1        ; To check for mates
        CPI    1              ; Mate against computer ?
        JRNZ   CP0C           ; No - jump
        MVI    C,1            ; Computer mate flag
        CALL   FCDMAT         ; Full checkmate ?
CP0C:   CALL   MOVE           ; Produce move on board array
        CALL   EXECMV         ; Make move on graphics board
                                ; and return info about it
        MOV    A,B            ; Special move flags
        ANA    A              ; Special ?
        JRNZ   CP10           ; Yes - jump
        MOV    D,E            ; "To" position of the move
        CALL   BITASN         ; Convert to Ascii
        SHLD   MVMSG+3        ; Put in move message
        MOV    D,C            ; "From" position of the move
        CALL   BITASN         ; Convert to Ascii
        SHLD   MVMSG          ; Put in move message
        PRTBLK MVMSG,5        ; Output text of move
        JMPR   CP1C           ; Jump
CP10:   BIT    1,B            ; King side castle ?
        JRZ    .+11           ; No - jump
        PRTBLK O.O,5          ; Output "O-O"
        JMPR   CP1C           ; Jump
        BIT    2,B            ; Queen side castle ?
        JRZ    .+11           ; No - jump

```

	PRTBLK	O.O.O,5	, Output "O-O-O"
	JMPR	CP1C	; Jump
	PRTBLK	P.PEP,5	; Output "PxPep" - En passant
CP1C:	LDA	COLOR	; Should computer call check ?
	MOV	B,A	
	XRI	80H	; Toggle color
	STA	COLOR	
	CALL	INCHK	; Check for check
	ANA	A	; Is enemy in check ?
	MOV	A,B	; Restore color
	STA	COLOR	-
	JRZ	CP24	; No - return
	CARRET		; New line
	LDA	SCORE+1	; Check for player mated
	CPI	0FFH	; Forced mate ?
	CNZ	TBCPMV	; No - Tab to computer column
	PRTBLK	CKMSG,5	; Output "check"
	LXI	H,LINECT	; Address of screen line count
	INR	M	; Increment for message
CP24:	LDA	SCORE+1	; Check again for mates
	CPI	0FFH	; Player mated ?
	RNZ		; No - return
	MVI	C,0	; Set player mate flag
	CALL	FCDMAT	; Full checkmate ?
	RET		; Return

```

;*****
; FORCED MATE HANDLING
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To examine situations where there exists
;              a forced mate and determine whether or
;              not the current move is checkmate.  If it is,
;              a losing player is offered another game,
;              while a loss for the computer signals the
;              King to tip over in resignation.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- CPTRMV
;
; CALLS:      -- MATED
;              CHARTR
;              TBPLMV
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- The only value passed in a register is the
;              flag which tells FCDMAT whether the computer
;              or the player is mated.
;*****
FCDMAT: LDA      MOVENO          ; Current move number
        MOV      B,A            ; Save
        LDA      PMATE          ; Move number where mate occurs
        SUB      B              ; Number of moves till mate
        ANA      A              ; Checkmate ?
        JRNZ     FM0C           ; No - jump
        BIT      0,C            ; Check flag for who is mated
        JRZ      FM04           ; Jump if player
        CARPET          ; New line
        PRTLIN    CKMSG,9       ; Print "CHECKMATE"
        CALL      MATED         ; Tip over King
        PRTLIN    UWIN,7        ; Output "YOU WIN".
        JMPR      FM08          ; Jump
FM04:   PRTLIN    MTMSG,4        ; Output "MATE"
        PRTLIN    IWIN,5        ; Output "I WIN"
FM08:   POP       H             ; Remove return addresses
        POP       H
        CALL      CHARTR        ; Input any char to play again
FM09:   CLRSCR          ; Blank screen
        PRTLIN    AGAIN,22      ; "CARE FOR ANOTHER GAME?"
        JMP       DRV01         ; Jump (Rest of game init)
FM0C:   BIT       0,C           ; Who has forced mate ?
        RNZ              ; Return if player
        CARRET          ; New line
        ADI       30H           ; Number of moves to Ascii
        STA       MTPL         ; Place value in message
        PRTLIN    MTMSG,9       ; Output "MATE IN x MOVES"
        CALL      TBPLMV       ; Tab to players column
        RET                  ; Return

```

```

;*****
; TAB TO PLAYERS COLUMN
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To space over in the move listing to the
;              column in which the players moves are being
;              recorded. This routine also reprints the
;              move number.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  PLYRMV
;
; CALLS:      --  None
;
; MACRO CALLS:  PRTBLK
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;*****
TBPLCL: PRTBLK  MVENUM,3      ; Reproduce move number
        LDA     KOLOR        ; Computers color
        ANA     A            ; Is computer white ?
        RNZ     ; No - return
        PRTBLK  SPACE,6      ; Tab to next column
        RET                 ; Return

;*****
; TAB TO COMPUTERS COLUMN
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To space over in the move listing to the
;              column in which the computers moves are
;              being recorded. This routine also reprints
;              the move number.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  DRIVER
;              CPTRMV
;
; CALLS:      --  None
;
; MACRO CALLS:  PRTBLK
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;*****
TBCPCL: PRTBLK  MVENUM,3      ; Reproduce move number
        LDA     KOLOR        ; Computer's color
        ANA     A            ; Is computer white ?
        RZ      ; Yes - return
        PRTBLK  SPACE,6      ; Tab to next column
        RET                 ; Return

```

```

;*****
; TAB TO PLAYERS COLUMN W/O MOVE NO.
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  Like TBPLCL, except that the move number
;              is not reprinted.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  FCDMAT
;*****
TBPLMV: PRTBLK  SPACE,3
        LDA     KOLOR
        ANA     A
        RNZ
        PRTBLK  SPACE,6
        RET

```

```

;*****
; TAB TO COMPUTERS COLUMN W/O MOVE NO.
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  Like TBCPLCL, except that the move number
;              is not reprinted.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  CPTRMV
;*****
TBCEMV: PRTBLK  SPACE,3
        LDA     KOLOR
        ANA     A
        RZ
        PRTBLK  SPACE,6
        RET

```

```

;*****
; BOARD INDEX TO ASCII SQUARE NAME
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To translate a hexadecimal index in the
;              board array into an ascii description
;              of the square in algebraic chess notation.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- CPTRMV
;
; CALLS:      -- DIVIDE
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Board index input in register D and the
;              Ascii square name is output in register
;              pair HL.
;*****
BITASN: SUB     A                ; Get ready for division
        MVI     E,10
        CALL    DIVIDE          ; Divide
        DCR     D                ; Get rank on 1-8 basis
        ADI     60H              ; Convert file to Ascii (a-h)
        MOV     L,A              ; Save
        MOV     A,D              ; Rank
        ADI     30H              ; Convert rank to Ascii (1-8)
        MOV     H,A              ; Save
        RET                     ; Return

```


***** PLAYERS MOVE ANALYSIS *****

FUNCTION: -- To accept and validate the players move
and produce it on the graphics board. Also
allows player to resign the game by
entering a control-R.

CALLER BY: -- DRIVER

CALLS: -- CHARTR
ASNTBI
VALMOV
EXECMV
PGIFND
TBPLCL

ARGUMENTS: -- None

VALIDATE: CALL CHARTR ; Accept "from" file letter
CPI 12H ; Is it instead a Control-R ?
JZ FM09 ; Yes - jump
MOV H,A ; Save
CALL CHARTR ; Accept "from" rank number
MOV L,A ; Save
CALL ASNTBI ; Convert to a board index
SUB B ; Gives board index, if valid
JRZ PL08 ; Jump if invalid
STA MVMSG ; Move list "from" position
CALL CHARTR ; Accept separator & ignore it
CALL CHARTR ; Repeat for "to" position
MOV H,A
CALL CHARTR
MOV L,A
CALL ASNTBI
SUB B
JRZ PL08
STA MVMSG+1 ; Move list "to" position
CALL VALMOV ; Determines if a legal move
ANA A ; Legal ?
JNZ PL08 ; No - jump
CALL EXECMV ; Make move on graphics board
RET ; Return
PL08: LXI H,LINECT ; Address of screen line count
INR M ; Increase by 2 for message
INR M
CARRET ; New line
CALL PGIFND ; New page if needed
PRTLIN INVALID,12 ; Output "INVALID MOVE"
PRTLIN INVALID,9 ; Output "TRY AGAIN"
CALL TBPLCL ; Tab to players column
JMP PLYRMV ; Jump

```

;*****
; ASCII SQUARE NAME TO BOARD INDEX
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To convert an algebraic square name in
;              Ascii to a hexadecimal board index.
;              This routine also checks the input for
;              validity.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- PLYRMV
;
; CALLS:      -- MLTPLY
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Accepts the square name in register pair HL
;              and outputs the board index in register A.
;              Register B = 0 if ok. Register B = Register
;              A if invalid.
;*****
ASNTBI: MOV     A,L           ; Ascii rank
        SUI     30H          ; Rank 1 - 8
        CPI     1           ; Check lower bound
        JM      AT04         ; Jump if invalid
        CPI     9           ; Check upper bound
        JRNC    AT04         ; Jump if invalid
        INR     A           ; Rank 2 - 9
        MOV     D,A         ; Ready for multiplication
        MVI     E,10
        CALL    MLTPLY      ; Multiply
        MOV     A,H         ; Ascii file letter (a - h)
        SUI     40H          ; File 1 - 8
        CPI     1           ; Check lower bound
        JM      AT04         ; Jump if invalid
        CPI     9           ; Check upper bound
        JRNC    AT04         ; Jump if invalid
        ADD     D           ; File+Rank(20-90)=Board index
        MVI     B,0         ; Ok flag
        RET              ; Return
AT04:   MOV     B,A         ; Invalid flag
        RET              ; Return

```

```

;*****
; VALIDATE MOVE SUBROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To check a players move for validity.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  PLYRMV
;
; CALLS:      --  GENMOV
;                MOVE
;                INCHK
;                UNMOVE
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Returns flag in register A, 0 for valid
;                and 1 for invalid move.
;*****
VALMOV: LHL D      MLPTRJ      ; Save last move pointer
        PUSH      H            ; Save register
        LDA       KOLOR       ; Computers color
        XRI       80H         ; Toggle color
        STA       COLOR       ; Store
        LXI       H,PLYIX-2    ; Load move list index
        SHLD      MLPTRI
        LXI       H,MLIST+1024 ; Next available list pointer
        SHLD      MLNXT
        CALL      GENMOV       ; Generate opponents moves
        LXI       X,MLIST+1024 ; Index to start of moves
VA5:    LDA       MVEMSG       ; "From" position
        CMP       MLFRP(X)     ; Is it in list ?
        JRNZ      VA6         ; No - jump
        LDA       MVEMSG+1     ; "To" position
        CMP       MLTOP(X)     ; Is it in list ?
        JRZ       VA7         ; Yes - jump
VA6:    MOV       E,MLPTR(X)   ; Pointer to next list move
        MOV       D,MLPTR+1(X)
        XRA       A            ; At end of list ?
        CMP       D
        JRZ       VA10        ; Yes - jump
        PUSH      D            ; Move to X register
        POP       X
        JMPR      VA5         ; Jump
VA7:    SIXD      MLPTRJ      ; Save opponents move pointer
        CALL      MOVE        ; Make move on board array
        CALL      INCHK       ; Was it a legal move ?
        ANA       A
        JRNZ      VA9         ; No - jump
VA8:    POP       H            ; Restore saved register
        RET                ; Return
VA9:    CALL      UNMOVE       ; Un-do move on board array
VA10:   MVI       A,1         ; Set flag for invalid move
        POP       H            ; Restore saved register
        SHLD      MLPTRJ      ; Save move pointer
        RET                ; Return

```

```

;*****
; ACCEPT INPUT CHARATER
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  Accepts a single character input from the
;               console keyboard and places it in the A
;               register. The character is also echoed on
;               the video screen, unless it is a carriage
;
;               return, line feed, or backspace.
;               Lower case alphabetic characters are folded
;               to upper case.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  DRIVER
;               INTERR
;               PLYRMV
;               ANALYS
;
; CALLS:      --  None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  Character input is output in register A.
;
; NOTES:      --  This routine contains a reference to a
;               monitor function of the Jove monitor, there-
;               for the first few lines of this routine are
;               system dependent.
;*****
CHARTR: RST      7                ; Jove monitor single char inpt
        .BYTE    81H,0
        CPI      0DH              ; Carriage return ?
        RZ                ; Yes - return
        CPI      0AH              ; Line feed ?
        RZ                ; Yes - return
        CPI      08H              ; Backspace ?
        RZ                ; Yes - return
        RST      7                ; Jove monitor single char echo
        .BYTE    81H,1AH
        ANI      7FH              ; Mask off parity bit
        CPI      7BH              ; Upper range check (z+1)
        RP                ; No need to fold - return
        CPI      61H              ; Lower range check (a)
        RM                ; No need to fold - return
        SUI      20H              ; Change to one of A-Z
        RET                ; Return

```

```

;*****
; NEW PAGE IF NEEDED
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To clear move list output when the column
;              has been filled.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- DRIVER
;              PLYRMV
;              CPTRMV
;
; CALLS:      -- DSPBRD
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Returns a 1 in the A register if
;              a new page was turned.
;*****
PGIFND: LXI      H,LINECT      ; Addr of page position counter
        INR      M            ; Increment
        MVI      A,1BH        ; Page bottom ?
        CMP      M
        RNC                      ; No - return
        CALL     DSPBRD        ; Put up new page
        PRTLIN   TITLE4,15     ; Re-print titles
        PRTLIN   TITLE3,15
        MVI      A,1          ; Set line count back to 1
        STA      LINECT
        RET                      ; Return

```

```

;*****
; DISPLAY MATED KING
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To tip over the computers King when
;             mated.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- FCDMAT
;
; CALLS:      -- CONVRT
;             BLNKER
;             INSPCE (Abnormal Call to IP04)
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
MATED:  LDA      KOLOR          ; Computers color
        ANA      A              ; Is computer white ?
        JRZ      .+9            ; Yes - skip
        MVI      C,2            ; Set black piece flag
        LDA      POSK+1         ; Position of black King
        JMPR     MA08           ; Jump
        MOV      C,A            ; Clear black piece flag
MA08:   LDA      POSK           ; Position of white King
        STA      BRDPOS         ; Store King position
        STA      ANBDPS         ; Again
        CALL     CONVRT         ; Getting norm address in HL
        MVI      A,7            ; Piece value of toppled King
        MVI      B,10           ; Blink parameter
        CALL     BLNKER         ; Blink King position
        LXI      Y,MA0C         ; Prepare for abnormal call
        PUSH     Y
        PUSH     H
        PUSH     B
        PUSH     D
        PUSH     X
        PUSH     PSW
        JMP      IP04           ; Call INSPCE
MA0C:   MVI      B,10           ; Blink again
        LDA      ANBDPS
        STA      BRDPOS
        CALL     BLNKER
        RET                     ; Return

```

```

;*****
; SET UP POSITION FOR ANALYSIS
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To enable user to set up any position
;              for analysis, or to continue to play
;              the game. The routine blinks the board
;              squares in turn and the user has the option
;              of leaving the contents unchanged by a 0,
;              carriage return, emptying the square by a 0,
;              or inputting a piece of his choosing. To
;              enter a piece, type in piece-code,color-code,
;              moved-code.
;
;              Piece-code is a letter indicating the
;              desired piece:
;                  K - King
;                  Q - Queen
;                  R - Rook
;                  B - Bishop
;                  N - Knight
;                  P - Pawn
;
;              Color code is a letter, W for white, or
;              B for black.
;
;              Moved-code is a number. 0 indicates the piece
;              has never moved. 1 indicates the piece has
;              moved.
;
;              A backspace will back up in the sequence of
;              blinked squares. An Escape will terminate
;              the blink cycle and verify that the
;              position is correct, then procede with game
;              initialization.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- DRIVER
;
; CALLS:      -- CHARTR
;              DPSBRD
;              BLNKER
;              ROYALT
;              PLYRMV
;              CPTRMV
;
; MACRO CALLS: PRTLIN
;              EXIT
;              CLRSCR
;              PRTBLK
;              CARRET
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****

```

ANALYS:	PRTLIN	ANAMSG,37	; "CARE TO ANALYSE A POSITION?"
	CALL	CHARTR	; Accept answer
	CARRET		; New line
	CPI	4EH	; Is answer a "N" ?
	JRNZ	AN04	; No - jump
	EXIT		; Return to monitor
AN04:	CALL	DSPBRD	; Current board position
	MVI	A,21	; First board index
AN08:	STA	ANBDPS	; Save
	STA	BRDPOS	
	CALL	CONVRT	; Norm address into HL register
	STA	M1	; Set up board index
	LIXD	M1	
	MOV	A,BOARD(X)	; Get board contents
	CPI	0FFH	; Boarder square ?
	JRZ	AN19	; Yes - jump
	MVI	B,4H	; Ready to blink square
	CALL	BLNKER	; Blink
	CALL	CHARTR	; Accept input
	CPI	1BH	; Is it an escape ?
	JRZ	AN1B	; Yes - jump
	CPI	08H	; Is it a backspace ?
	JRZ	AN1A	; Yes - jump
	CPI	0DH	; Is it a carriage return ?
	JRZ	AN19	; Yes - jump
	LXI	B,7	; Number of types of pieces + 1
	LXI	H,PCS	; Address of piece symbol table
	CCIR		; Search
	JRNZ	AN18	; Jump if not found
	CALL	CHARTR	; Accept and ignore separator
	CALL	CHARTR	; Color of piece
	CPI	42H	; Is it black ?
	JRNZ	.+4	; No - skip
	SET	7,C	; Black piece indicator
	CALL	CHARTR	; Accept and ignore separator
	CALL	CHARTR	; Moved flag
	CPI	31H	; Has piece moved ?
	JRNZ	AN18	; No - jump
	SET	3,C	; Set moved indicator
AN18:	MOV	BOARD(X),C	; Insert piece into board array
	CALL	DSPBRD	; Update graphics board
AN19:	LDA	ANBDPS	; Current board position
	INR	A	; Next
	CPI	99	; Done ?
	JRNZ	AN08	; No - jump
	JMPR	AN04	; Jump
AN1A:	LDA	ANBDPS	; Prepare to go back a square

	SUI	3	; To get around boarder
	CPI	20	; Off the other end ?
	JNC	AN08	; No - jump
	MVI	A,98	; Wrap around to top of screen
AN0B:	JMP	AN08	; Jump
AN1B:	PRTLIN	CRTNES,14	; Ask if correct
	CALL	CHARTR	; Accept answer
	CPI	4EH	; Is it "N" ?
	JZ	AN04	; No - jump
	CALL	ROYALT	; Update positions of royalty
	CLRSCR		; Blank screen
	CALL	INTERR	; Accept color choice
AN1C:	PRTLIN	WSMOVE,17	; Ask whose move it is
	CALL	CHARTR	; Accept response
	CALL	DSPBRD	; Display graphics board
	PRTLIN	TITLE4,15	; Put up titles
	PRTLIN	TITLE3,15	
	CPI	57H	; Is is whites move ?
	JZ	DRIV04	; Yes - jump
	PRTBLK	MVENUM,3	; Print move number
	PRTBLK	SPACE,6	; Tab to blacks column
	LDA	KOLOR	; Computer's color
	ANA	A	; Is computer white ?
	JRNZ	AN20	; No - jump
	CALL	PLYRMV	; Get players move
	CARRET		; New line
	JMP	DR0C	; Jump
AN20:	CALL	CPTRMV	; Get computers move
	CARRET		; New line
	JMP	DR0C	; Jump

```

;*****
; UPDATE POSITIONS OF ROYALTY
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To update the positions of the Kings
;              and Queen after a change of board position
;              in ANALYS.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- ANALYS
;
; CALLS:      -- None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- None
;*****
ROYALT: LXI      H,POSK      ; Start of Royalty array
        MVI      B,4        ; Clear all four positions
        MVI      M,0
        INX      H
        DJNZ     .-3
        MVI      A,21      ; First board position
RY04:   STA      M1         ; Set up board index
        LXI      H,POSK    ; Address of King position
        LIXD     M1
        MOV      A,BOARD(X) ; Fetch board contents
        BIT      7,A       ; Test color bit
        JRZ      .+3       ; Jump if white
        INX      H         ; Offset for black
        ANI      7         ; Delete flags, leave piece
        CPI      KING      ; King ?
        JRZ      RY08      ; Yes - jump
        CPI      QUEEN     ; Queen ?
        JRNZ     RY0C      ; No - jump
        INX      H         ; Queen position
        INX      H         ; Plus offset
RY08:   LDA      M1         ; Index
        MOV      M,A       ; Save
RY0C:   LDA      M1         ; Current position
        INR      A         ; Next position
        CPI      99        ; Done.?
        JRNZ     RY04      ; No - jump
        RET              ; Return

```

```

;*****
; SET UP EMPTY BOARD
;*****
; FUNCTION:  --  Display graphics board and pieces.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  DRIVER
;               ANALYS
;               PGIFND
;
; CALLS:      --  CONVRT
;               INSPCE
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  None
;
; NOTES:      --  This routine makes use of several fixed
;                 addresses in the video storage area of
;                 the Jupiter III computer, and is therefor
;                 system dependent.  Each such reference will
;                 be marked.
;*****
DSPBRD: PUSH    B           ; Save registers
        PUSH    D
        PUSH    H
        PUSH    PSW
        CLRSCR           ; Blank screen
        LXI     H,0C000H  ; System Dependent-First video
                           ; address
        MVI     M,80H      ; Start of blank border
        LXI     D,0C001H  ; Sys Dep- Next boarder square
        LXI     B,15      ; Number of bytes to be moved
        LDIR    ; Blank boarder bar
        MVI     M,0AAH    ; First black boarder box
        INR     L          ; Next block address
        MVI     B,6       ; Number to be moved
DB04:   MVI     M,80H      ; Create white block
        INR     L          ; Next block address
        DJNZ    DB04      ; Done ? No - jump
        MVI     B,6       ; Number of repeats
DB08:   MVI     M,0BFH     ; Create black box
        INR     L          ; Next block address
        DJNZ    DB08      ; Done ? No - jump
        XCHG    ; Get ready for block move
        LXI     B,36      ; Bytes to be moved
        LDIR    ; Move - completes first bar
        LXI     H,0C000H  ; S D - First addr to be copied
        LXI     B,0D0H    ; Number of blocks to move
        LDIR    ; Completes first rank
        LXI     H,0C016H  ; S D - Start of copy area
        LXI     B,6       ; Number of blocks to move

```

	LDIR		; First black square done
	LXI	H,0C010H	; S D - Start copy area
	LXI	B,42	; Bytes to be moved
	LDIR		; Rest of bar done
	LXI	H,0C100H	; S D - Start of copy area
	LXI	B,0C0H	; Move three bars
	LDIR		; Next rank done
	LXI	H,0C000H	; S D - Copy rest of screen
	LXI	B,600H	; Number of blocks
	LDIR		; Board done
BSETUP:	MVI	A,21	; First board index
BSET04:	STA	BRDPOS	; Ready parameter
	CALL	CONVRT	; Norm addr into HL registers
	CALL	INSPCE	; Insert that piece onto board
	INR	A	; Next square
	CPI	99	; Done ?
	JRC	BSET04	; No - jump
	POP	PSW	; Restore registers
	POP	H	
	POP	D	
	POP	B	
	RET		

```

;*****
; INSERT PIECE SUBROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- This subroutine places a piece onto a
;              given square on the video board. The piece
;              inserted is that stored in the board array
;              for that square.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- DPSPRD
;              MATED
;
; CALLS:      -- MLTPLY
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Norm address for the square in register
;              pair HL.
;*****
INSPCE: PUSH    H                ; Save registers
        PUSH    B
        PUSH    D
        PUSH    X
        PUSH    PSW
        LDA     BRDPOS           ; Get board index
        STA     M1               ; Save
        LIXD    M1               ; Index into board array
        MOV     A,BOARD(X)       ; Contents of board array
        ANA     A               ; Is square empty ?
        JRZ     IP2C             ; Yes - jump
        CPI     0FFH             ; Is it a boarder square ?
        JRZ     IP2C             ; Yes - jump
        MVI     C,0              ; Clear flag register
        BIT     7,A              ; Is piece white ?
        JRZ     IP04             ; Yes - jump
        MVI     C,2              ; Set black piece flag
IP04:   ANI     7                ; Delete flags, leave piece
        DCR     A                ; Piece on a 0 - 5 basis
        MOV     E,A              ; Save
        MVI     D,16             ; Multiplier
        CALL    MLTPLY           ; For loc of piece in table
        MOV     A,D              ; Displacement into block table
        STA     INDXR            ; Low order index byte
        LIXD    INDXR            ; Get entire index
        BIT     0,M              ; Is square white ?
        JRZ     IP08             ; Yes - jump
        INR     C                ; Set compliment flag
IP08:   INR     L                ; Address of first alter block
        PUSH    H                ; Save
        MVI     D,0              ; Bar counter
IP0C:   MVI     B,4              ; Block counter
IP10:   MOV     A,BLOCK(X)       ; Bring in source block
        BIT     0,C              ; Should it be complemented ?

```

	JRZ	IP14	; No - jump
	XRI	3FH	; Graphics complement
IP14:	MOV	M,A	; Store block
	INR	L	; Next block
	INX	X	; Next source block
	DJNZ	IP10	; Done ? No - jump
	MOV	A,L	; Bar increment
	ADI	3CH	
	MOV	L,A	
	INR	D	; Bar counter
	BIT	2,D	; Done ?
	JRZ	IP0C	; No - jump
	POP	H	; Address of Norm + 1
	BIT	0,C	; Is square white ?
	JRNZ	IP18	; No - jump
	BIT	1,C	; Is piece white ?
	JRNZ	IP2C	; No - jump
	JMPR	IP1C	; Jump
IP18:	BIT	1,C	; Is piece white ?
	JRZ	IP2C	; Yes - jump
IP1C:	MVI	D,6	; Multiplier
	CALL	MLTPLY	; Multiply for displacement
	MOV	A,D	; Kernel table displacement
	STA	INDXER	; Save
	LIXD	INDXER	; Get complete index
	MOV	A,L	; Start of Kernel
	ADI	40H	
	MOV	L,A	
	MVI	D,0	; Bar counter
IP20:	MVI	B,3	; Block counter
IP24:	MOV	A,KERNEL(X)	; Kernel block
	BIT	1,C	; Need to complement ?
	JRNZ	IP28	; No - jump
	XRI	3FH	; Graphics complement
IP28:	MOV	M,A	; Store block
	INR	L	; Next target block
	INX	X	; Next source block
	DJNZ	IP24	; Done ? No - jump
	MOV	A,L	; Bar increment
	ADI	3DH	
	MOV	L,A	
	INR	D	; Bar counter
	BIT	1,D	; Done ?
	JRZ	IP20	; Repeat bar move
IP2C:	POP	PSW	; Restore registers
	POP	X	
	POP	D	
	POP	B	
	POP	H	
	RET		

```

;*****
; BOARD INDEX TO NORM ADDRESS SUBR.
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- Converts a hexadecimal board index into
;              a Norm address for the square.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- DSPBRD
;              INSPCE
;              ANALYS
;              MATED
;
; CALLS:      -- DIVIDE
;              MLTPLY
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Returns the Norm address in register pair
;              HL.
;*****
CONVRT: PUSH    B                ; Save registers
        PUSH    D
        PUSH    PSW
        LDA     BRDPOS          ; Get board index
        MOV     D,A             ; Set up dividend
        SUB     A
        MVI     E,10            ; Divisor
        CALL    DIVIDE          ; Index into rank and file
                                ; file (1-8) & rank (2-9)
        DCR     D               ; For rank (1-8)
        DCR     A               ; For file (0-7)
        MOV     C,D             ; Save
        MVI     D,6             ; Multiplier
        MOV     E,A             ; File number is multiplicand
        CALL    MLTPLY          ; Giving file displacement
        MOV     A,D             ; Save
        ADI     10H             ; File norm address
        MOV     L,A             ; Low order address byte
        MVI     A,8             ; Rank adjust
        SUB     C               ; Rank displacement
        ADI     0C0H            ; Rank Norm address
        MOV     H,A             ; High order address byte
        POP     PSW             ; Restore registers
        POP     D
        POP     B
        RET                     ; Return

```

```

;*****
; POSITIVE INTEGER DIVISION
;*****
DIVIDE:  PUSH      B
         MVI       B,8
DD04:    SLAR      D
         RAL
         SUB       E
         JM        .+6
         INR       D
         JMPR      .+3
         ADD       E
         DJNZ      DD04
         POP       B
         RET

```

```

;*****
; POSITIVE INTEGER MULTIPLICATION
;*****
MLTPLY:  PUSH      B
         SUB       A
         MVI       B,8
ML04:    BIT       0,D
         JRZ       .+3
         ADD       E
         SRAR      A
         RARR      D
         DJNZ      ML04
         POP       B
         RET

```



```

;*****
; SQUARE BLINKER
;*****
; FUNCTION:  -- To blink the graphics board square to signal
;              a piece's intention to move, or to high-
;              light the square as being alterable
;              in ANALYS.
;
; CALLED BY:  -- MAKEMV
;              ANALYS
;              MATED
;
; CALLS:      -- None
;
; ARGUMENTS:  -- Norm address of desired square passed in
;              register pair HL. Number of times to
;              blink passed in register B.
;*****
BLNKER: PUSH    PSW                ; Save registers
        PUSH    B
        PUSH    D
        PUSH    H
        PUSH    X
        SHLD    NORMAD           ; Save Norm address
BL04:   MVI     D,0               ; Bar counter
BL08:   MVI     C,0               ; Block counter
BL0C:   MOV     A,M               ; Fetch block
        XRI     3FH               ; Graphics complement
        MOV     M,A               ; Replace block
        INR     L                 ; Next block address
        INR     C                 ; Increment block counter
        MOV     A,C
        CPI     6                 ; Done ?
        JRNZ    BL0C             ; No - jump
        MOV     A,L               ; Address
        ADI     3AH               ; Adjust square position
        MOV     L,A               ; Replace address
        INR     D                 ; Increment bar counter
        BIT     2,D               ; Done ?
        JRZ     BL08             ; No - jump
        LHLD    NORMAD           ; Get Norm address
        PUSH    B                 ; Save register
        LXI     B,3030H          ; Delay loop, for visibility
BL10:   DJNZ    BL10
        DCR     C
        JRNZ    BL10

```

POP	B	; Restore register
DJNZ	BL04	; Done ? No - jump
POP	X	; Restore registers
POP	H	
POP	D	
POP	B	
POP	PSW	
RET		; Return

```

;*****
; EXECUTE MOVE SUBROUTINE
;*****
; FUNCTION:    -- This routine is the control routine for
;               MAKEMV. It checks for double moves and
;               sees that they are properly handled. It
;               sets flags in the B register for double
;               moves:
;               En Passant -- Bit 0
;               O-O        -- Bit 1
;               O-O-O      -- Bit 2
;
; CALLED BY:   -- PLYRMV
;               CPTRMV
;
; CALLS:       -- MAKEMV
;
; ARGUMENTS:   -- Flags set in the B register as described
;               above.
;*****
EXECMV: PUSH    X                ; Save registers
        PUSH    PSW
        LIXD    MLPTRJ          ; Index into move list
        MOV     C,MLFRP(X)       ; Move list "from" position
        MOV     E,MLTOP(X)       ; Move list "to" position
        CALL    MAKEMV          ; Produce move
        MOV     D,MLFLG(X)       ; Move list flags
        MVI     B,0
        BIT     6,D              ; Double move ?
        JRZ     EX14             ; No - jump
        LXI     D,6              ; Move list entry width
        DADX    D               ; Increment MLPTRJ
        MOV     C,MLFRP(X)       ; Second "from" position
        MOV     E,MLTOP(X)       ; Second "to" position
        MOV     A,E              ; Get "to" position
        CMP     C               ; Same as "from" position ?
        JRNZ    EX04             ; No - jump
        INR     B               ; Set en passant flag
        JMPR    EX10             ; Jump
EX04:    CPI     1AH             ; White O-O ?
        JRNZ    EX08             ; No - jump
        SET     1,B              ; Set O-O flag
        JMPR    EX10             ; Jump
EX08:    CPI     60H             ; Black O-O ?
        JRNZ    EX0C             ; No - jump
        SET     1,B              ; Set O-O flag
        JMPR    EX10             ; Jump
EX0C:    SET     2,B              ; Set O-O-O flag
EX10:    CALL    MAKEMV          ; Make 2nd move on board
EX14:    POP     PSW             ; Restore registers
        POP     X
        RET                     ; Return

```

```

;*****
; MAKE MOVE SUBROUTINE
;*****
; FUNDTION:  --  Moves the piece on the board when a move
;                is made.  It blinks both the "from" and
;                "to" positions to give notice of the move.
;
; CALLED BY:  --  EXECMV
;
; CALLS:      --  CONVRT
;                BLNKER
;                INSPCE
;
; ARGUMENTS:  --  The "from" position is passed in register
;                C, and the "to" position in register E.
;*****
MAKEMV: PUSH    PSW                ; Save register
        PUSH    B
        PUSH    D
        PUSH    H
        MOV     A,C                ; "From" position
        STA     BRDPOS             ; Set up parameter
        CALL    CONVRT             ; Getting Norm address in HL
        MVI     B,10               ; Blink parameter
        CALL    BLNKER             ; Blink "from" square
        MOV     A,M                ; Bring in Norm block
        INR     L                  ; First change block
        MVI     D,0                ; Bar counter
MM04:    MVI     B,4                ; Block counter
MM08:    MOV     M,A                ; Insert blank block
        INR     L                  ; Next change block
        DJNZ    MM08               ; Done ? No - jump
        MOV     C,A                ; Saving norm block
        MOV     A,L                ; Bar increment
        ADI     3CH
        MOV     L,A
        MOV     A,C                ; Restore Norm block
        INR     D
        BIT     2,D                ; Done ?
        JRZ     MM04               ; No - jump
        MOV     A,E                ; Get "to" position
        STA     BRDPOS             ; Set up parameter
        CALL    CONVRT             ; Getting Norm address in HL
        MVI     B,10               ; Blink parameter
        CALL    INSPCE             ; Inserts the piece
        CALL    BLNKER             ; Blinks "to" square
        POP     H                  ; Restore registers
        POP     D
        POP     B
        POP     PSW
        RET                        ; Return

```

TDL/ZILOG Mnemonics Conversion

Symbols Used

<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>
r	one of the 8-bit registers A,B,C,D,E,H,L
n	any 8-bit absolute value
ii	an index register reference, either X or Y
d	an 8-bit index displacement, where $-128 < d < 127$
zz	B for the BC register pair, D for the DE pair
nn	any 16-bit value, absolute or relocatable
rr	B for the BC register pair, D for the DE pair, H for the HL pair, SP for the stack pointer
qq	B for the BC register pair, D for the DE pair, H for the HL pair, PSW for the A/Flag pair
s	any of r (defined above), M, or d(ii)
IFF	interrupt flip-flop
CY	carry flip-flop
ZF	zero flag
tt	B for the BC register pair, D for the DE pair, SP for the stack pointer, X for index register IX
uu	B for the BC register pair, D for the DE pair, SP for the stack pointer, Y for index register IY
b	a bit position in an 8-bit byte, where the bits are numbered from right to left 0 to 7
PC	program counter
b{n}	bit n of the 8-bit value or register v
vv/H	the most significant byte of the 16-bit value or register vv
vv/L	the least significant byte of the 16-bit value or register vv

Iv	an input operation on port v
Ov	an output operation on port v
w ← v	the value of w is replaced by the value of v
w ↔ v	the value of w is exchanged with the value of v

8 Bit Load Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
MOV r,r'	$r \leftarrow r'$	LD r,r'	1	4
MOV r,M	$r \leftarrow (HL)$	LD r,(HL)	1	7
MOV r,d(ii)	$r \leftarrow (ii+d)$	LD r,(Iii+d)	3	19
MOV M,r	$(HL) \leftarrow r$	LD (HL),r	1	7
MOV d(ii),r	$(ii+d) \leftarrow r$	LD (Iii+d),r	3	19
MVI r,n	$r \leftarrow n$	LD r,n	2	7
MVI M,n	$(HL) \leftarrow n$	LD (HL),n	2	10
MVI d(ii),n	$(ii+d) \leftarrow n$	LD (Iii+d),n	4	19
LDA nn	$A \leftarrow (nn)$	LD A,(nn)	3	13
STA nn	$(nn) \leftarrow A$	LD (nn),A	3	13
LDAX zz	$A \leftarrow (zz)$	LD A,(zz)	1	7
STAX zz	$(zz) \leftarrow A$	LD (zz),A	1	7
LDAI	$A \leftarrow I$	LD A,I	2	9
LDAR	$A \leftarrow R$	LD A,R	2	9
STAI	$I \leftarrow A$	LD I,A	2	9
STAR	$R \leftarrow A$	LD R,A	2	9

16 Bit Load Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
LXI rr,nn	rr ← nn	LD rr,nn	3	10
LXI ii,nn	ii ← nn	LD ii,nn	4	14
LBCD nn	B ← (nn+1) C ← (nn)	LD BC, (nn)	4	20
LDED nn	D ← (nn+1) E ← (nn)	LD DE, (nn)	4	20
LHLD nn	H ← (nn+1) L ← (nn)	LD HL, (nn)	3	16
LIXD nn	IX/H ← (nn+1) IX/L ← (nn)	LD IX, (nn)	4	20
LIYD nn	IY/H ← (nn+1) IY/L ← (nn)	LD IY, (nn)	4	20
LSPD nn	SP/H ← (nn+1) SP/L ← (nn)	LD SP, (nn)	4	20
SBCD nn	(nn+1) ← B (nn) ← C	LD (nn), BC	4	20
SDED nn	(nn+1) ← D (nn) ← E	LD (nn), DE	4	20
SHLD nn	(nn+1) ← H (nn) ← L	LD (nn), HL	3	16
SIXD nn	(nn+1) ← IX/H (nn) ← IX/L	LD (nn), IX	4	20
SIYD nn	(nn+1) ← IY/H (nn) ← IY/L	LD (nn), IY	4	20
SSPD nn	(nn+1) ← SP/H (nn) ← SP/L	LD (nn), SP	4	20
SPHL	SP ← HL	LD SP, HL	1	6
SPIX	SP ← IX	LD SP, IX	2	10
SPIY	SP ← IY	LD SP, IY	2	10

PUSH qq	(SP-1) ← qq/H (SP-2) ← qq/L SP ← SP-2	PUSH qq	1	11
PUSH 11	(SP-1) ← 11/H (SP-2) ← 11/L SP ← SP-2	PUSH 11	2	15
POP qq	qq/H ← (SP-1) qq/L ← (SP) SP ← SP-2	POP qq	1	10
POP 11	11/H ← (SP+1) 11/L ← (SP) SP ← SP+2	POP 11	2	14

Exchange, Block Transfer, and Search Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
XCHG	HL ↔ DE	EX DE, HL	1	4
EXAF	PSW ↔ PSW'	EX AF, AF'	1	4
EXX	BCDEHL ↔ BCDEHL'	EXX	1	4
XTHL	H ↔ (SP+1) L ↔ (SP)	EX (SP), HL	1	19
XTIX	IX/H ↔ (SP+1) IX/L ↔ (SP)	EX (SP), IX	2	23
XTIY	IY/H ↔ (SP+1) IY/L ↔ (SP)	EX (SP), IY	2	23
LDI	(DE) ← (HL) DE ← DE+1 HL ← HL+1 BC ← BC-1	LDI	2	16
LDIR	repeat LDI until BC=0	LDIR	2	21/16
LDD	(DE) ← (HL) DE ← DE-1 HL ← HL-1 BC ← BC-1	LDD	2	16
LDDR	repeat LDD until BC=0	LDDR	2	21/16
CCI	A ← (HL) HL ← HL+1 BC ← BC-1	CPI	2	16
CCIR	repeat CCI until A=(HL) or BC=0	CPIR	2	21/16
CCD	A ← (HL) HL ← HL-1 BC ← BC-1	CPD	2	16
CCDR	repeat CCD until A=(HL) or BC=0	CPDR	2	21/16

8 Bit Arithmetic and Logical

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
ADD r	$A \leftarrow A + r$	ADD A,r	1	4
ADD M	$A \leftarrow A + (HL)$	ADD A,(HL)	1	7
ADD d(ii)	$A \leftarrow A + (ii+d)$	ADD A,(Iii+d)	3	19
ADI n	$A \leftarrow A + n$	ADD A,n	2	7
ADC s	$A \leftarrow A + s + CY$	ADC A,s	As shown for ADD instruction	
ACI n	$A \leftarrow A + n + CY$	ADC A,n		
SUB s	$A \leftarrow A - s$	SUB s		
SUI n	$A \leftarrow A - n$	SUB n		
SBB s	$A \leftarrow A - s - CY$	SBC A,s		
SBI n	$A \leftarrow A - n - CY$	SBC A,n		
ANA s	$A \leftarrow A \wedge s$	AND s		
ANI n	$A \leftarrow A \wedge n$	AND n		
ORA s	$A \leftarrow A \vee s$	OR s		
ORI n	$A \leftarrow A \vee n$	OR n		
XRA s	$A \leftarrow A \oplus s$	XOR s		
XRI n	$A \leftarrow A \oplus n$	XOR n		
CMP s	$A - s$	CP s		
CPI n	$A - n$	CP n		
INR r	$r \leftarrow r + 1$	INC r		
INR M	$(HL) \leftarrow (HL) + 1$	INC (HL)		
INR d(ii)	$(ii+d) \leftarrow (ii+d) + 1$	INC (Iii+d)		
DCR r	$r \leftarrow r - 1$	DEC r		
DCR M	$(HL) \leftarrow (HL) - 1$	DEC (HL)		
DCR d(ii)	$(ii+d) \leftarrow (ii+d) - 1$	DEC (Iii+d)		

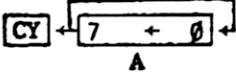
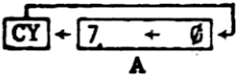
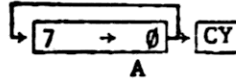
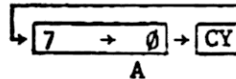
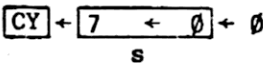
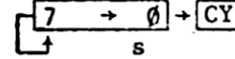
General Purpose Arithmetic and Control Group

<u>TDL</u> <u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG</u> <u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF</u> <u>BYTES</u>	<u># OF</u> <u>T STATES</u>
DAA	convert A to packed BCD after an add or subtract of packed BCD operands	DAA	1	4
CMA	$A \leftarrow \sim A$	CPL	1	4
NEG	$A \leftarrow -A$	NEG	2	8
CMC	$CY \leftarrow \sim CY$	CCF	1	4
STC	$CY \leftarrow 1$	SCF	1	4
NOP	no operation	NOP	1	4
HLT	halt	HALT	1	4
DI	$IFF \leftarrow 0$	DI	1	4
EI	$IFF \leftarrow 1$	EI	1	4
IM0	interrupt mode 0	IM 0	2	8
IM1	interrupt mode 1	IM 1	2	8
IM2	interrupt mode 2	IM 2	2	8

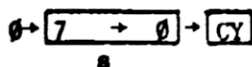
16 Bit Arithmetic Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
DAD rr	HL ← HL + rr	ADD HL,rr	1	11
DADC rr	HL ← HL + rr + CY	ADC HL,rr	2	15
DSBC rr	HL ← HL - rr - CY	SBC HL,rr	2	15
DADX tt	IX ← IX + tt	ADD IX,tt	2	15
DADY uu	IY ← IY + uu	ADD IY,uu	2	15
INX rr	rr ← rr + 1	INC rr	1	6
INX ii	ii ← ii + 1	INC ii	2	10
DCX rr	rr ← rr - 1	DEC rr	1	6
DCX ii	ii ← ii - 1	DEC ii	2	10

Rotate and Shift Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
RLC		RLCA	1	4
RAL		RLA	1	4
RRC		RRCA	1	4
RAR		RRA	1	4
RLCR r	Same diagram as for RLC	RLC r	2	8
RLCR M	"	RLC (HL)	2	15
RLCR d(11)	"	RLC (I11+d)	4	23
RALR s	Same diagram as for RAL	RL s	Same as for RLCR instruction	
RRCR s	Same diagram as for RRC	RRC s		
RARR s	Same diagram as for RAR	RR s		
SLAR s		SLA s		
SRAR s		SRA s		

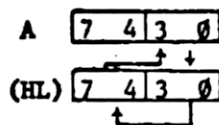
SRLR s



2

18

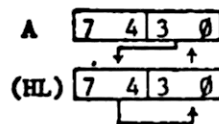
RLD



2

18

RRD



Bit Set, Reset, and Jump Group

<u>TDL</u> <u>MNEMONIC.</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	2406 <u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF</u> <u>BYTES</u>	<u># OF</u> <u>T STATES</u>
BIT b,r	ZF + $\sim r\{b\}$	BIT b,r	2	8
BIT b,M	ZF + $\sim (HL)\{b\}$	BIT b,(HL)	2	12
BIT b,d(ii)	ZF + $\sim (Iii+d)\{b\}$	BIT b,(Iii+d)	4	20
SET b,r	r{b} + 1	SET b,r	2	8
SET b,m	(HL){b} + 1	SET b,(HL)	2	15
SET b,d(ii)	(Iii+d){b} + 1	SET b,(Iii+d)	4	23
RES b,s	S{b} + 0	SET b,s	Same as for SET instruction	

Jump Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
JMP nn	PC ← nn	JP nn	3	10
JZ nn	if zero, then JMP else continue	JP Z,nn	3	10
JNZ nn	if not zero	JP NZ,nn	3	10
JC nn	if carry	JP C,nn	3	10
JNC nn	if not carry	JP NC,nn	3	10
JPO nn	if parity odd	JP PO,nn	3	10
JPE nn	if parity even	JP PE,nn	3	10
JP nn	if sign positive	JP P,nn	3	10
JM nn	if sign negative	JP M,nn	3	10
JO nn	if overflow	JP PE,nn	3	10
JNO nn	if no overflow	JP PO,nn	3	10
JMPR nn	PC ← PC + e where e = nn - PC -126 < e < 129	JR e	2	12
JRZ nn	if zero, then JMPR else continue	JR Z,e	2	7/12
JRNZ nn	if not zero	JR NZ,e	2	7/12
JRC nn	if carry	JR C,e	2	7/12
JRNC nn	if not carry	JR NC,e	2	7/12
DJNZ nn	B ← B - 1 if B=0 then continue else JMPR	DJNZ e	2	8/13
PCHL	PC ← HL	JP (HL)	1	4
PCIX	PC ← IX	JP (IX)	2	8
PCIY	PC ← IY	JP (IY)	2	8

Call and Return Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
CALL nn	(SP-1) + PC/H (SP-2) + PC/L SP + SP-2 PC + nn	CALL nn	3	17
CZ nn	if zero, then CALL else continue	CALL Z,nn	3	10/17
CNZ nn	if not zero	CALL NZ,nn	3	10/17
CC nn	if carry	CALL C,nn	3	10/17
CNC nn	if not carry	CALL NC,nn	3	10/17
CPO nn	if parity odd	CALL PO,nn	3	10/17
CPE nn	if parity even	CALL PE,nn	3	10/17
CP nn	if sign positive	CALL P,nn	3	10/17
CM nn	if sign negative	CALL M,nn	3	10/17
CO nn	if overflow	CALL PE,nn	3	10/17
CNO nn	if no overflow	CALL PO,nn	3	10/17
RET	PC/H + (SP+1) PC/L + (SP) SP + SP+2	RET	1	10
RZ	if zero, then RET else continue	RET Z	1	5/11
RNZ	if not zero	RET NZ	1	5/11
RC	if carry	RET C	1	5/11
RNC	if not carry	RET NC	1	5/11
RPO	if parity odd	RET PO	1	5/11
RPE	if parity even	RET PE	1	5/11
RP	if sign positive	RET P	1	5/11
RM	if sign negative	RET M	1	5/11

RO	if overflow	RET PE	1	5/11
RNO	if no overflow	RET PO	1	5/11
RETI	return from interrupt	RETI	2	14
RETN	return from non-maskable interrupt	RETN	2	14
RST n	(SP-1) \leftarrow PC/H (SP-2) \leftarrow PC/L PC \leftarrow 8 * n where $0 \leq n < 8$	RST n	1	11

Input and Output Group

<u>TDL MNEMONIC</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>ZILOG MNEMONIC</u>	<u># OF BYTES</u>	<u># OF T STATES</u>
IN n	A \leftarrow In	IN A, (n)	2	11
INP r	r \leftarrow I(C)	IN r, (C)	2	12
INI	(HL) \leftarrow I(C) B \leftarrow B - 1 HL \leftarrow HL + 1	INI	2	16
INIR	repeat INI until B=0	INIR	2	16/21
IND	(HL) \leftarrow I(C) B \leftarrow B - 1 HL \leftarrow HL - 1	IND	2	16
INDR	repeat IND until B=0	INDR	2	16/21
OUT n	On \leftarrow A	OUT (n), A	2	11
OUTP r	O(C) \leftarrow r	OUT (C), r	2	12
OUTI	O(C) \leftarrow (HL) B \leftarrow B - 1 HL \leftarrow HL + 1	OUTI	2	16
OUTIR	repeat OUTI until B=0	OTIR	2	16/21
OUTD	O(C) \leftarrow (HL) B \leftarrow B - 1 HL \leftarrow HL - 1	OUTD	2	16
OUTDR	repeat OUTD until B=0	OTDR	2	16/21

**Page Was
Missing From
Source Material**

INDEX TO SUBROUTINES

ADJPTR	33
ADMOVE	36
ANALYS	85
ASCEND	64
ASNTBI	80
ATKSAV	42
ATTACK	39
BITASN	76
BLNKER	94
BOOK	65
CASTLE	34
CHARTR	82
CONVRT	93
CPTRMV	73
DIVIDE	93
DRIVER	69
DSPBRD	89
ENPSNT	32
EVAL	60
EXECMV	97
FCDMAT	75
FNDMOV	59
GENMOV	38
INCHK	38
INITBD	27
INSPCE	91
INTERR	71
LIMIT	51
MAKEMV	98
MATED	84
MLTPLY	94
MOVE	54
MPiece	30

NEXTAD	49
PATH	29
PGIFND	83
PINFND	44
PLYRMV	79
PNCK	43
POINTS	49
ROYALT	88
SORTM	58
TBCPCL	78
TBPLCL	76
TBPLMV	78
UNMOVE	56
VALMOV	80
XCHNG	47